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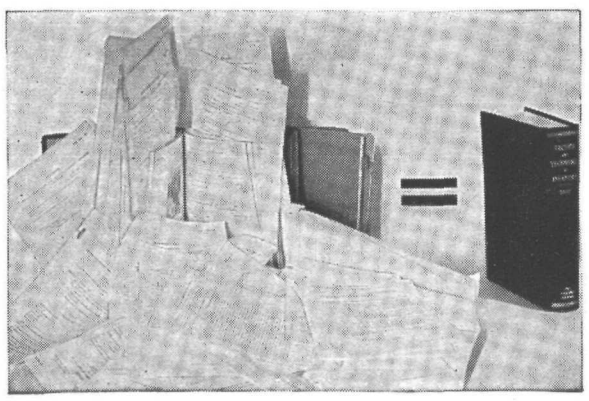

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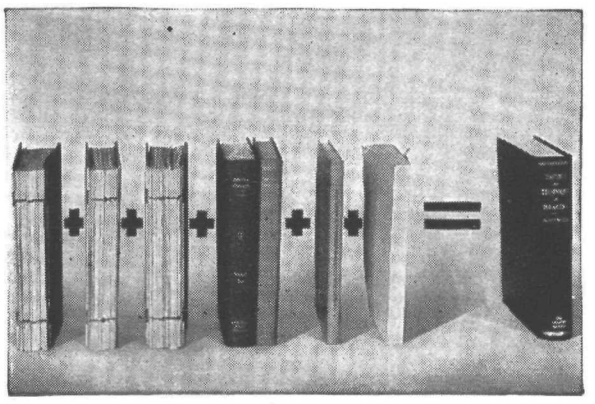

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THE NEW YORK NATIONAL GUARDSMAN

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The NEW YORK NATIONAL GUARDSMAN

(Official State Publication)

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VOL. VIII JANUARY 1932 No. 10

Contents

	PAGE
U. S. NATIONAL GUARD CONVENTION	3
NEW 2ND CORPS AREA COMMANDER	6
ALL SET FOR THE BUFFALO CONVENTION	7
SIGNAL TROOPS AND THE MESSAGE CENTER	8
THE OLD GUARD BALL	10
MAJ. GEN. LEACH TAKES OATH OF OFFICE	11
BRIEF EDITORIALS	12
GEN. HASKELL'S EDITORIAL	13
VETERANS' REVIEW, 106TH INFANTRY	14
N.R.A. SHOOTING NEWS	15
EGYPTIAN ENVOY REVIEWS 71ST INFANTRY	18
KEEP SMILING	19
212TH C. A. AGAIN WINS WADSWORTH TROPHY	20
WHOLE GUARD ON REVIEW	22
THE TIE THAT BLINDS	26
NAVAL MILITIA DISBANDS AIR SQUADRONS	28
HOW WE STAND	29
AVERAGE PERCENTAGE OF ATTENDANCE	30
BULLETIN BOARDS	32

Illustrations

		PAGE
FRONT COVER	*Geo. Weisbrod*	
CAMP SMITH—PINE CAMP	*102nd Obs. Squadron*	2
MAJ. GEN. DENNIS E. NOLAN		6
A SCANDALOUS LIBEL,	*Brig. Gen. DeWitt Clinton Falls*	9
MAJ. GEN. GEORGE E. LEACH		11
CONVENTION MAP OF BUFFALO	*Anonymous*	16-17
IT HAPPENED IN THE GUARD	*Sgt. M. J. Glickman*	21
COMPANY A, 71ST INFANTRY		23

THE NEW YORK NATIONAL GUARDSMAN

"It will be strictly non-political; it will not attempt to exploit any theme or theory or partisan lines; it will religiously refrain from 'underwriting' the ambitions or activities of any individual, public or private, it will be severely independent, making its appeal to the interests of the readers rather than to the vanity of those in charge; it will encourage that training which no successful business man can ignore if he desires his employees to be better disciplined and trained to give 100 per cent of duty to all work entrusted to them—it will be a vehicle for the propagation of one policy and only one: Better Guardsmanship and Better Citizenship!"

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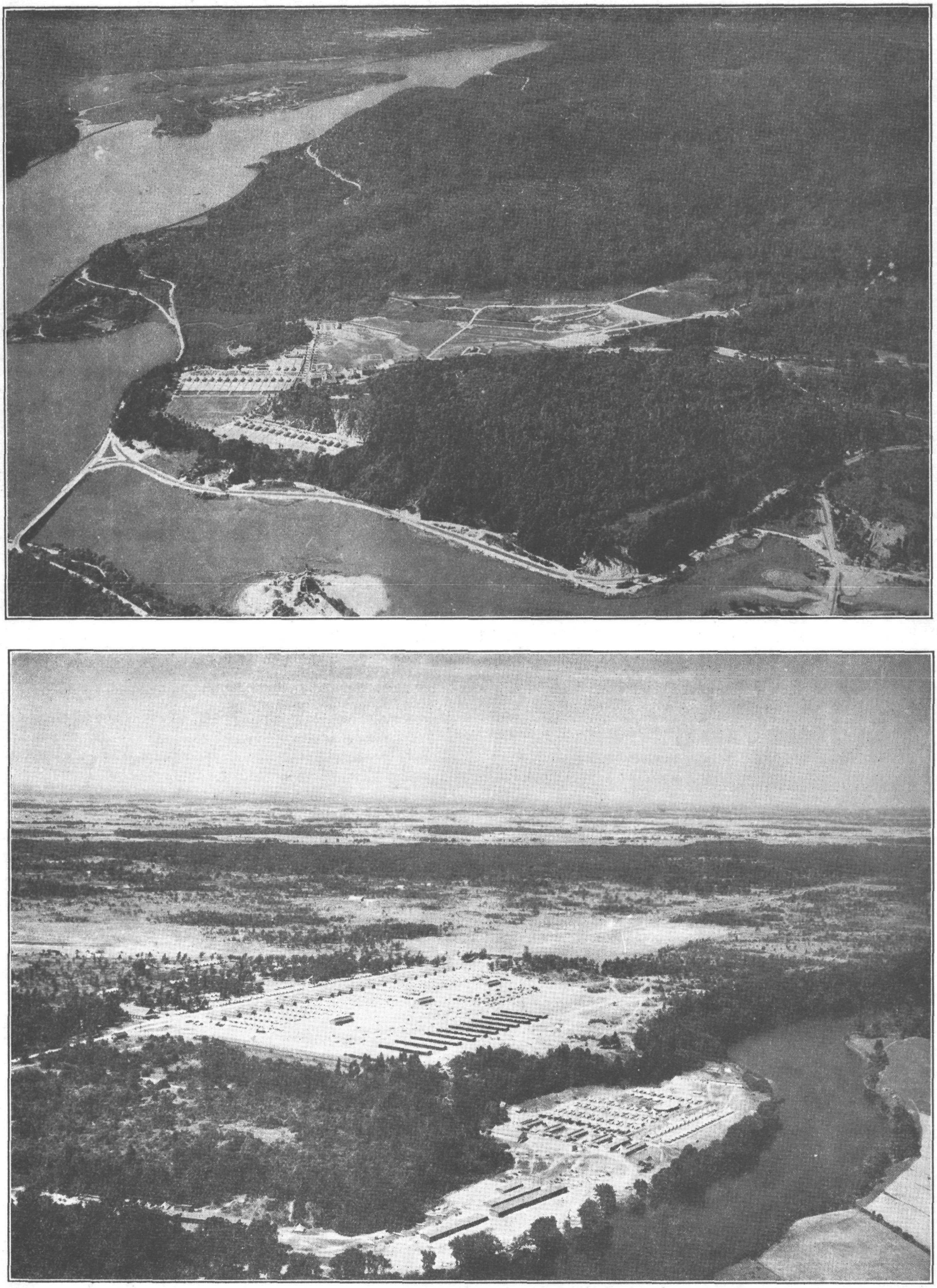


TOP: A bird's-eye view of Camp Smith, Peekskill, showing the tents removed and all set for the winter. BOTTOM: Pine Camp, snapped ***from 2000 feet by the 102nd Observation Squadron, during their tour of field training. The air field is on the left in the middle distance.***

THE NEW YORK National Guardsman

Published for the members of the New York National Guard by the members themselves. All profits return to the Magazine, the only publication authorized by the New York National Guard.

VOL. VIII JANUARY 1932 No. 10

New Orleans Convention The National Guard Association of the United States

THE annual convention of the National Guard Association of the United States, held this year in the Roosevelt Hotel, New Orleans, La., was one of the finest gatherings in years, both as to attendance, interesting sessions and entertainment. Over four hundred registered at the Convention, including members from nearly every state in the Union.

The dates were December 2, 3 and 4, and at the meeting of the Adjutants General's Association, on Tuesday the 1st, the new Chief of the Militia Bureau, General George E. Leach of the National Guard Field Artillery Brigade of Minnesota and a member of the Executive Council of the National Guard Association, was sworn in by Adjutant General Walsh of Minnesota, who added another star to his uniform.

The Adjutant General of Louisiana, General Raymond H. Fleming, and his committees, handled all the arrangements perfectly and Col. Seymour Weiss, manager of the Hotel Roosevelt, did everything for the comfort of his convention guests which helped in making the convention a successful one.

The meeting was opened Wednesday morning in the Gold Room, with the President, Brigadier-General Dudley J. Hard of Ohio in the chair. The invocation was delivered by the Chaplain of the 31st Division, Lt. Col. E. C. Gunn.

After the roll call and presentation of credentials, the President announced the following committees: *On Credentials*—Gen. M. R. McLean, Kansas, Chairman, Gen. J. M. Haviston, Mississippi, and Col. M. G. McConnell, Idaho; *Auditing Committee*—Col. John A. Cutchins, Virginia, Chairman, Col. Wm. A. Taylor, New York, and Lt. Col. Chalmers Parker, Ohio; *Resolutions and Legislature Committee*—Major-General Alfred F. Foote of Massachusetts, Chairman; *Nominations Committee*—Brig.-Gen. Ralph M. Immell, Wisconsin, Chairman; *Committee on Time and Place*—Col. Frank Gibbs, Massachusetts, Chairman; *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Major William J. Mangine, New York; *Assistant*—Capt. Fred A. Wulff, Jr., Louisiana.

Brigadier-General Allison Owen, President of the Louisiana National Guard Association and General Chairman of the Convention Committees, then gave a delightful address of welcome to the delegates, followed by an address on behalf of Governor Huey P. Long of Louisiana, given by Col. Seymour Weiss in the absence of the Governor, and a splendid greeting by the Hon. T. S. Walmsey, Mayor of New Orleans, who gave the soldiers everything but the name of the next Governor of the State. All these greetings were responded to on behalf of the Association by our silver-tongued Vice-President, Brig.-Gen. Robert J. Travis of Georgia.

After the report of the Credentials Committee, which showed the highest strength of the Guard since the World War, 187,000—thus giving the total vote of the convention as 423—President Hard delivered his annual report. He stated that a solid foundation had been laid for favorable action by the coming session of Congress on the proposed legislation to make the National Guard a component of the army in peace as well as in war, and to relieve the states of the trouble, delay, and expense incident to demobilization and reorganization under existing law. Legislation was introduced in the House of Representatives, January 10, 1930, and made progress, but it was not brought up for final action in the House at that session. It was taken up when Congress re-convened last December, and passed the House by a vote of 303 to 49 after much work by representatives of the Association. It then went to the Senate

and was favorably reported by a Senate Committee. The proposed legislation was scheduled for a final vote by the Senate when a filibuster in the upper body, which lasted till adjournment, prevented it from being taken up.

"I can assure you," General Hard continued, "that your officers and committee members feel the keenest regret and disappointment over this outcome. Because of the far-reaching character of the legislation and the brief duration of the congressional session, it is perhaps more fortunate than otherwise that it reached the stage it did. However, judging from many assurances received, a solid foundation has been laid for favorable action in the next Congress." President Hard commented upon the one hundred per cent backing which the Legislative Committee had received from the Adjutants General and members of the Guard in every state.

After the Secretary's annual report, delivered by Lt.-Col. Fred M. Waterbury, New York, an adjournment was taken until Thursday morning to permit the delegates and the large number of ladies attending the convention to enjoy the harbor trip in the afternoon, planned by the New Orleans Entertainment Committee. It was a trip down the historic Mississippi on one of the river's large steamboats, and with the aid of the accompanying lecture on the many points of interest, it afforded an afternoon of great pleasure.

The Convention re-convened Thursday at 10 o'clock when the Treasurer, Brig.-Gen. Milton R. McClean of Kansas made his annual report.

Three very interesting addresses were delivered. The first, by Major-General Frank R. McCoy, commanding the Fourth Corps Area, who, as a frequent visitor to New Orleans, gave a typical New Orleans welcoming address to the visiting officers amongst whom, he pointed out, were 56 generals. He invited them to view the stature of General Andrew Jackson in Jackson Square and spoke of Jackson's scene of operations which covered all the eight states now included in the Fourth Corps Area.

The second address was by Colonel L. Kemper Williams, President of the Reserve Officers' Association, who spoke of the cordial relations existing between the two associations, and the third by Brig.-Gen. Andrew Moses, G.S., Assistant Chief of Staff, G.1, General Staff Corps, who came as the special representative of the Chief of Staff, General Douglas L. MacArthur, unable to leave Washington. He stated that an actual survey of the National Guard indicated that a large number of its units are prepared to move to the "theatre of operations" not later than the third day after mobilization, under the general plans of the general staff of the United States Army. General Moses said that the general mobilization plan provides for the organization of six field armies of over 200,000 officers and 4,500,000 men. One field army, or nine infantry divisions, is tentatively allotted to the regular army, and two field armies, or 18 infantry divisions, and four cavalry divisions to the National Guard.

At the afternoon session, Colonel William H. Waldron, Executive Officer of the Militia Bureau, delivered an address in which he gave a full outline of the way in which the Bureau had been laboring for the interests of the Guard and why many things that were requested could not be accomplished at this time. He stressed the importance in which the general officers of the regular army and the War Department hold the National Guard.

The address of the afternoon was delivered by Colonel Edgar A. Myer, G.S., G-3, General Staff Corps, and dwelt upon training, and therefore held the strictest attention of all present.

Colonel D. Wray De Prez, Indiana, Chairman of the special committee on Tables of Organization, made his report which brought out the fact that owing to the present economy program and curtailing of the budget, nothing could be accomplished at present along the lines of increasing strength tables of organization.

Brig.-Gen. Ellard A. Walsh, Minnesota, as Chairman of the committee to raise the $25,000 voted by the Association for a fitting National Guard memorial in the Pershing Memorial Hall, Paris, announced that many of the states had failed to turn in their quota assessment of fifteen cents per guardsman and that but little over half the money had been collected. (This does not include New York, the largest assessment, which has been paid in full.) As the Hall was dedicated in October and the money has been spent by the Commission of the American Memorial to the Commander-in-Chief of the A.E.F., it was voted to turn over the amount in hand, and the following committee was appointed to finish the job by pressing the collection of the balance—General Ellard A. Walsh, General Dudley J. Hard and Lt.-Col. Fred M. Waterbury.

On Friday morning, the Association was disappointed in not hearing from the Assistant Secretary of War, the Hon. F. Trubee Davison, who was to have made an address but, owing to bad flying conditions, was unable to fly to the convention from Birmingham, Ala.

One of the greatest addresses of the convention was delivered by Brig.-Gen. Jacob F. Wolters of the Texas National Guard on "Martial Law and its Administration." It was probably the last word on this subject, which General Wolters has made a special study. He reviewed at great length the legal history of martial law and the militia, commenting briefly on the oil field situation in his state. General Wolters is in command of the Guardsmen engaged in enforcing martial law in the East Texas oil fields. He has been in command of martial law districts in many Texas points. He took charge of Borger, when that wild oil form of the Texas Panhandle became unmanageable in the hands of ordinary peace officers. Once he ruled Galveston when no other agency could do so. He is credited with being the one military man in Texas to whom Governors for two decades have turned to bring order out of chaos.

General Robert J. Travis of Georgia, making his report as Chairman of the special committee on Legislation, told the delegates that the amended Defense Bill would be reintroduced this year. He told the history of the progress of the bill last winter and stated that, as the War Department was in favor of the bill and it would not cost the Government a cent more money, it should pass at this longer session of Congress. He stated that, at the present time, with no draft legislation on the books, the federal government has no control over the militia except to repel invasions and suppress insurrections.

At the afternoon session the Resolution Committee reported about half of the resolutions received had been selected, some in amended form, for adoption. They were all accepted by the convention as recommended, some of the important ones being given at the conclusion of this article.

The Committee on Time and Place reported that invitations had been received from a couple of dozen cities, San Antonio, Texas, and Norfolk, Virginia, being backed by the National Guard of these states. The Committee finally

decided to recommend the "Norfolk-Hampton" sector of Virginia, so that the Virginia N. G. committee could decide later whether to have it in Norfolk, Hampton, or Old Point Comfort. The convention decided to go there in 1932.

The Committee on Nominations presented the "slate" agreed upon and all were unanimously elected, their names appearing in another column.

After the introduction of officers, the convention adjourned about four o'clock Friday afternoon, every one pronouncing it to have been one of the most interesting sessions in many years.

ENTERTAINMENT

THE local committee on entertainment were somewhat "peeved" that more time had not been allowed them as they wanted to "do things" and had the city in which to entertain. The busy sessions, however, would permit of no further "playtime."

The great society night was Thursday when a banquet was held at 7 p. m. in the Venetian Room of the Roosevelt on the first floor and a Grand Military Ball at 10 o'clock in Tip Top Inn, on the top floor of the Roosevelt. At the banquet, the orchestral selections were interspersed with special vocal solos and concluded with a short post-prandial presided over by General Owen, the speaker of the evening being Major-General George E. Leach, the new Chief of the Militia Bureau.

On Friday evening, the delegates and ladies in attendance went to Jackson Barracks, taken over by the National Guard of Louisiana and where many of the Guard officers live, to enjoy the "Open House" program. Besides little informal house parties at General Fleming's, Lt. Col. Gouaux's and Major Shaffer's, there was entertainment at the clubs of the 108th Cavalry, La. N. G., and 141st Separate Battalion, Field Artillery (Washington Artillery), La. N. G., with dancing at both places.

The ladies met with the Ladies' Entertainment Committee in the parlor of the Roosevelt on Wednesday evening to get acquainted. On Thursday at one o'clock, they were given a luncheon at the Orleans Club, followed by a drive around the city, stopping at 4 p. m. for tea with Mrs. Allison Owen. On Friday, they were tendered a luncheon at Court Yard Kitchen in Vieux Carre, and afterwards strolled through the French Section to visit historic points, having four o'clock tea at La Petite Salon.

RESOLUTIONS

BE IT RESOLVED that the National Guard Association of the United States in convention assembled at New Orleans, Louisiana, this fourth day of December, 1931, is not unmindful of the splendid service being rendered by General Douglas MacArthur, Chief of Staff of the Army, and desires in this formal manner to acknowledge that service, and to make this expression of hearty appreciation of his efforts in behalf of the National Guard, and to assure the Chief of Staff that he will have the loyal support and co-operation of the National Guard in every effort he may make which has for its objective the maintenance of a proper National Defense.

RESOLVED: That the Executive Council be directed to vigorously press for enactment into law of the principles embodied in the Amendment to the National Defense Act, as set forth in H. R. 12918.

Whereas assurance of a sufficient appropriation for the maintenance of the 48 Armory Drills and 15-day period of field training for all units of the National Guard now provided for by law is essential for the proper development and training of the Guard,

BE IT RESOLVED that the Executive Council he directed to urge that a sufficient appropriation for these purposes be included in the budget, thereby obviating the necessity of asking for deficiency appropriation.

RESOLVED: That the Executive Council be directed to take the necessary steps to insure the subsistence allowance for the National Guard in the budget be maintained at fifty cents (50c) subject only to possible reduction to be made later by the Militia Bureau based upon economic conditions as reflected in commodity prices.

Whereas, Medals or badges have been awarded to the members of the Military forces of the U. S. who served in the Army of Occupation in Cuba and in the Army of Occupation in the Philippines, and thus there has been established a precedent which has not been followed in reference to the Army of Occupation in Germany.

BE IT, THEREFORE, RESOLVED that the National Guard of the U. S. does hereby request the War Department to take the necessary and proper steps to cause to be authorized, procured and issued to those entitled a medal for serving in the Army of Occupation of Germany along the general lines of those issued in connection with the Cuban and Philippine Occupations.

Whereas the National Guard Association has participated in the organization of the Associated National Defense Council having our representatives thereon, and

Whereas it is the desire of this Council to co-operate in the procuring of legislative data for this organization,

BE IT RESOLVED that the President is hereby authorized, for the purpose of defraying a fair proportion of the expense of such agency, to expend such amount as in his judgment is advisable, not to exceed $750.00.

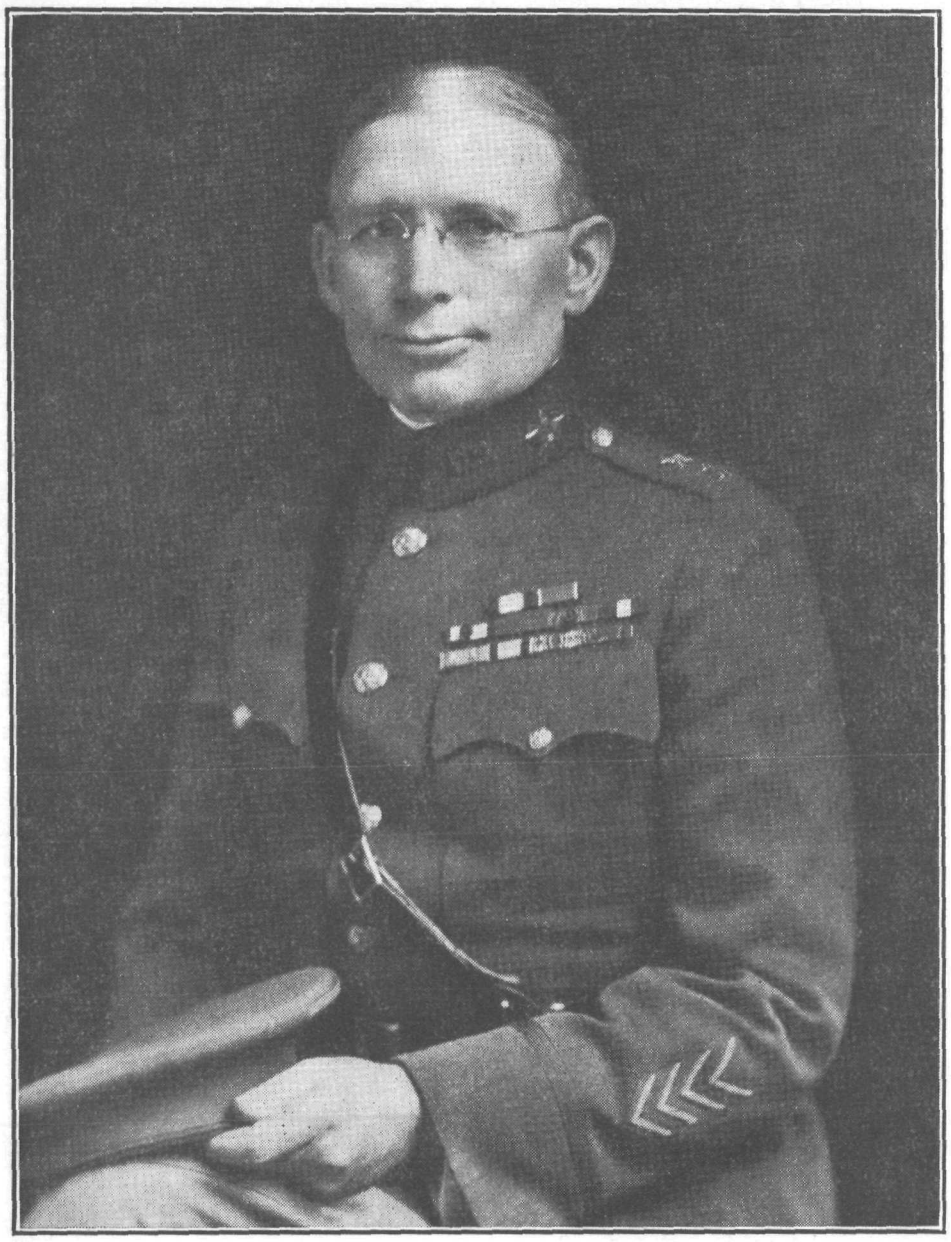
These were a few of the sixteen resolutions acted on favorably by the Convention.

OFFICERS ELECTED FOR 1932

PRESIDENT
Brig.-Gen. Robert J. Travis, Georgia
PAST PRESIDENT
Brig.-Gen. Dudley J. Hard, Ohio
HONORARY PRESIDENT
Maj.-Gen. Milton J. Foreman, Illinois
VICE PRESIDENT
Brig.-Gen. Claude V. Birkhead, Texas
SECRETARY
Lt.-Col. Fred M. Waterbury, New York
TREASURER
Brig.-Gen. Milton R. McLean, Kansas
ADDITIONAL MEMBERS—EXECUTIVE COUNCIL
Brig.-Gen. Herbert J. Johnson, Vermont, 1st Corps Area
Col. John M. Rogers, New Jersey, 2nd Corps Area
Maj.-Gen. Wm. J. Price, Jr., Pennsylvania, 3rd Corps Area
Brig.-Gen. Raymond H. Fleming, Louisiana, 4th Corps Area
Brig.-Gen. C. C. Pierce, W. Virginia, 5th Corps Area
Maj.-Gen. Guy M. Wilson, Michigan, 6th Corps Area
Brig.-Gen. G. Angus Fraser, N. Dakota, 7th Corps Area
Col. Norman L. King, New Mexico, 8th Corps Area
Brig.-Gen. M. G. McConnell, Idaho, 9th Corps Area

New Commander of 2nd Corps Area

MAJOR-GENERAL DENNIS E. NOLAN



Major-General Dennis E. Nolan who succeeds Major-General Hanson E. Ely as commander of the Second Corps Area

ON December 2, 1931, Major-General Dennis E. Nolan, veteran of the Meuse-Argonne offensive and holder of American and foreign decorations for personal bravery "above and beyond the call of duty" in action, succeeded Major-General Hanson E. Ely as commander of the 2nd Corps Area, and made his headquarters in the old yellow brick office of the commanding general on Governor's Island.

General Nolan has an impressive record in most of the nation's campaigns since the Spanish-American War. He was born at Akron, N. Y., and was graduated from West Point in 1896. He was a lieutenant of infantry in the Spanish-American War, and took part in the battle of El Caney and Santiago. Later he saw duty in the Philippine Islands and in Alaska.

General Nolan has been awarded the following foreign decorations: *French*—Croix de Guerre, with palm; *British*—Commander of the Bath; *Italian*—Commander of the Crown; *Belgium*—Commander of the Crown; *Panamanian*—Medal of La Solidaridad.

He sailed with General Pershing on May, 27, 1917, on the steamship "Baltic" for France as Chief of the Intelligence Service of the A.E.F., and administered this service from its inception until its demobilization was completed in June, 1919.

On September 28, 1918, General Nolan was temporarily assigned by the Commander-in-Chief to command the 55th Brigade of the 28th Division, the Brigade then being engaged in the valley of the Aire River, and he continued in command of this Brigade until the division was relieved from the battle on the night of October 8 and 9. During this period, the brigade withstood three German counter-attacks made in an effort to retake Apremont, which was in an advanced position and favorable for German counter-attack operations. The third German counter-attack made by two regiments at daylight on October 1st, resulted in heavy losses to the Germans and stopped further counter-attacks in this division sector.

On October 4th, the 55th Brigade attacked on the immediate left in conjunction with the First Division, and penetrated the enemy's position for a depth of two miles. On October 7, General Nolan's brigade attacked directly west against the flank of the Argonne Forest for the purpose of forcing the Germans to evacuate the Argonne. All objectives, including the village of Chatel Chehery, were gained.

For his conduct in commanding the 55th Brigade in these operations, General Nolan was awarded the Distinguished Service Cross and was recommended to promotion to the grade of Major-General by General Muir, commanding the 28th Division in these operations. This promotion received the recommendation of General Pershing but did not at that time materialize owing to the discontinuance, by the War Department, of all promotions of General Officers after the signing of the Armistice.

In 1919, General Nolan served as one of the American members of the sub-committee of the Peace Conference and then returned to the United States to take up duty as Director of the course in Military Intelligence at the Army War College. In September, 1921, he was assigned to command the Field Artillery Brigade of the Second Division. A year later he became Assistant Chief of Staff in charge of the Supply Division, War Dept. General Staff, and in 1924, was appointed Deputy Chief of Staff.

General Nolan was detailed by the President as Chief of the Army Representation with the Preparatory Commission on the Reduction and Limitation of Armaments at Geneva in April, 1926. Upon his return, twelve months later, he was assigned to command the Fifth Corps Area, with station at Columbus, Ohio.

In the words of the New York Herald Tribune, "the new commander at Governor's Island is a tall, raw-boned man of fifty-nine, whose hair is scarcely gray, though he is partly bald. He wears glasses and looks more a school teacher than a general. He was an all-American football player in his days at West Point. The general's chief revelation about himself is that he is a 'duffer' at golf, is 'always trying to beat 100 and never can'—and has played the same sort of game for twenty years."

All Set for the Buffalo Convention—Let's Go

MAJOR GENERAL GEORGE E. LEACH, newly appointed Chief of Militia Bureau, will be the principal speaker over radio broadcasting station WBEN at the annual banquet of the National Guard Association at the Hotel Statler, Buffalo, N. Y., on Friday evening, January 15th, 1932. General Leach, in response to Captain Graham's personal invitation which was extended during the U. S. N. G. convention in New Orleans, stated, "I accept. It is the first invitation of its kind I have accepted. I know of no greater pleasure. I have a great admiration for you people in New York." The answer to General Leach's fine sentiments will be found awaiting his arrival in Buffalo when approximately 600 officers of the National Guard and Naval Militia, together with a group of distinguished citizens headed by the Hon. Charles E. Roesch, Mayor of Buffalo, will be on hand to greet and pay honor and tribute to this distinguished soldier whose super-military record already has gained for him an honor space in the "hall of military fame".

The Committee on Arrangements consisting of Brigadier General William F. Schohl, Brigadier General John S. Thompson, Colonel William R. Pooley, Colonel Douglas P. Walker, Major George M. Denny and Lt. Comdr. Frank J. Bailey, is meeting regularly and putting forth its best efforts to make the 1932 Buffalo National Guard Convention one which will remain indefinitely in the hearts and minds of the officers and guests attending. General Schohl has named the following sub-committees:

ADVERTISING

Major George M. Denny, 121st Cavalry, Chairman; Captain Joseph M. Gwinner, 106th Field Artillery, and Captain A. M. Harp, N. G. R.

BANQUET

Colonel William R. Pooley, 174th Infantry, Chairman; Colonel Douglas P. Walker, 106th Field Artillery, and Lt. Comdr. Frank J. Bailey, 3rd Bn., Naval Militia.

CITIZENS

Brig. Gen. William F. Schohl, 52nd Field Artillery, Brigade, Chairman; Brig. Gen. John S. Thompson, 54th Brigade; Colonel William R. Pooley, 174th Infantry, and Colonel Douglas P. Walker, 106th Field Artillery.

ENTERTAINMENT

Colonel Douglas P. Walker, 106th Field Artillery, Chairman; Major Edwin G. Ziegler, 54th Brigade; Major Charles J. Donnocker, 174th Infantry; Major George M. Denney, 121st Cavalry, and Lt. Comdr. Otis J. Case, 3rd Bn., Naval Militia.

HOTEL

Major Edwin G. Ziegler, 54th Brigade, Chairman; Major A. L. Gillig, 174th Infantry, and Lt. Comdr. Frank J. Bailey, 3rd Bn., Naval Militia.

INFORMATION

Major Joseph H. Robinson, 174th Infantry, Chairman; Captain Joseph L. Hudson, 106th Field Artillery; 1st Lt. Eugene J. Welte, 121st Cavalry, and Lt. (jg) C. L. Bruce, 3rd Bn., Naval Militia.

PRINTING

Captain Joseph W. Becker, 174th Infantry, Chairman; Captain Joseph L. Hudson, 106th Field Artillery, and 1st Lt. Eugene J. Welte. 121st Cavalry.

PUBLICITY

Major Edwin G. Ziegler, 54th Brigade, Chairman; Major Karl F. Hausann, 106th Field Artillery; 2nd Lt. William G. Cook, 174th Infantry, and Ensign Edwin J. Lebherz, 3rd Bn., Naval Militia.

RADIO

Major Edwin G. Ziegler, 54th Brigade, Chairman; Captain Joseph W. Becker, 174th Infantry, and Ensign Edwin J. Lebherz, 3rd Bn., Naval Militia.

TRANSPORTATION

Major Joseph H. Robinson, 174th Infantry, Chairman; Captain Joseph R. Hess, 106th Field Artillery, and Captain Elmer M. Rudolph, 54th Brigade.

PROCLAMATION

Brig. Gen. William F. Schohl, 52nd Field Artillery, Brigade, Chairman; Brig. Gen. John S. Thompson, 54th Brigade; Colonel William R. Pooley, 174th Infantry, and Colonel Douglas P. Walker, 106th Field Artillery.

The Hon. Charles E. Roesch, Mayor of Buffalo, is taking a most active personal part in the preparations for the entertainment and welfare of the officers and guests attending the Convention. His Honor is preparing to issue a Proclamation calling the merchants in the business districts and the other citizens of the hub City to display the American flag on January 15th and 16th, 1932, in honor and tribute to the officers of the New York National Guard and Naval Militia; keys to the City will be distributed although His Honor has already made it known that the uniform is the "countersign" during the Convention, and in many different ways the friendly and genial Chief Executive of Buffalo, who together with Mr. Horace Taylor, President Buffalo Chamber of Commerce; Mr. Fred D. Corey, Chairman, Buffalo Centennial Committee; Mr. W. T. Buckley, Manager Buffalo Convention and Tourist Bureau and Mr. Elmore C. Green, Manager, Hotel Statler, are cooperating and assisting with General Schohl's committee.

Photo by Courier-Express, Buffalo.

Members of the Committee of Arrangements making plans for the finest National Guard Convention that was ever held. From left to right: Capt. Arthur Leard, Lieut. Comm. Frank J. Bailey, Col. Douglas P. Walker, Col. William R. Pooley and Maj. George M. Denny

Finally, the National Guard Association, General Schohl's Committee and Mayor Roesch's Committee extend to the officers of the National Guard and Naval Militia the *compliments of the season,* and a special invitation to come to Buffalo and participate in the biggest and best Convention of all time.

Signal Troops and the Message Center

By **STAFF SGT. WILLIAM V. NORTON**
27th Division Signal Co.

WHEN the staff and other officers of the 27th Division inspected their new Signal Company at the annual manoeuvres at Camp Smith last year, they were more than agreeably surprised by the performance of this new and inexperienced company outsmarting veteran signal troops in the field of communication.

No matter how well versed an army may be in the art of war, no matter how experienced its staff and general officers, there can be no doubt that upon those entrusted with establishing the lanes of communication lies the fate of the campaign. Without coordinated action, without instantaneous information as to the enemy position from all points on the front, confusion must result, valuable seconds will be lost and that moment, when the strategic value of decisive and unexpected action is greatest, slips by in the indecision and uncertainty which prevail.

Signal troops are the nerves of the army. They relay the reactions of its various components to the brain, the commanding general, and, in return, relay back his decisions that they may be converted into action. They enable the army to act as a whole rational unit just as the nerves, when properly functioning, enable each of us to act as a whole rational being. Without the means of transforming impulses into proper action, our power is diminished or expended in useless action.

But what about these signal troops, these "nerves" as we call them? They lay the lines and plan the routes

The Nerve Center of the Army, in Operation in the Field

through which the messages must travel to reach the various members and, when the lines are through and the routes laid out, they operate them. But is that all? What is it that steers a command of the brain through the various nerves to the tiny tip of the finger without unnecessary action or delay? What is it that steers the messages of an army to their final destination by the shortest route in the quickest possible time, avoiding all confusion? It is the nerve center of the signal corps through which all messages must pass to be recorded and steered along the route that they must follow. It is the Message Center.

The Message Center, being somewhat of a new development, seems to be regarded by some as a mysterious coterie of super-beings. Down to the rawest recruit in the section, the intelligence of a college president seems to be expected. All manner of information is requested and all sorts of service often demanded, yet actually the purpose of the center is simply to route the messages it receives to the places they are addressed to and to see that they get there promptly. The Message Center is *not* an information office; it is *not* a stationery supply depot, as many seem to think, judging from the demands made upon it for paper, pencils, etc., nor is it supplied with super geniuses. As a matter of fact, it is only allotted sufficient men to keep the records which necessity demands, should servicing be necessary. There are no extra clerks to duplicate for distribution, and until extra men are supplied, demands for such service needs must tie up all other communication until it is finished unless the utmost confusion is to reign. There is but the barest sufficiency of men, when any traffic at all is handled, to copy down the necessary information from the message and send it on its way.

Each unit of the army has its message center and the 27th Division now boasts of the most efficient "center" as yet put into operation in the field in time of peace. Under the leadership of Lieut. George Hauck, it has surpassed all records.

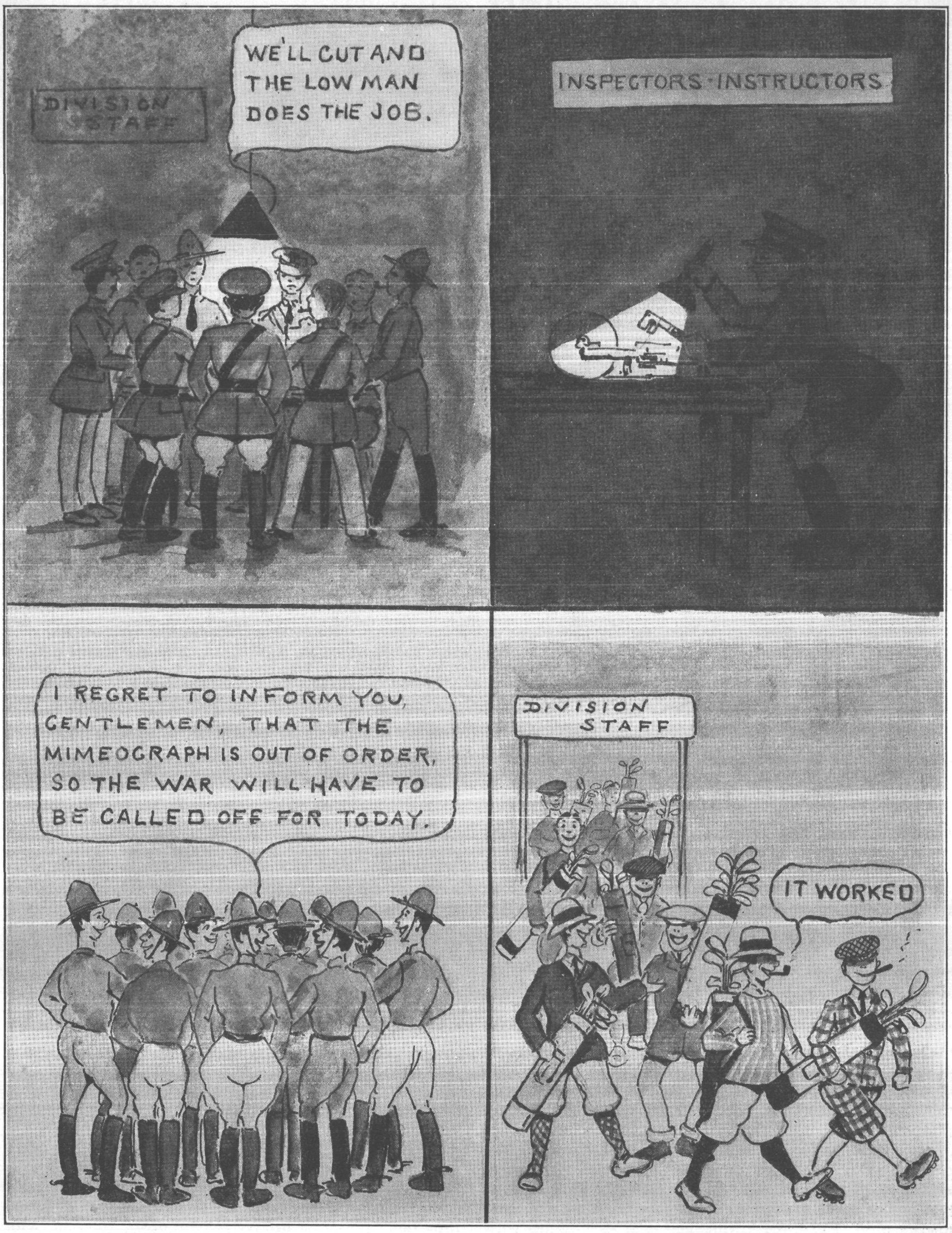
One would think that a unit of the army upon which such a responsibility is placed would be accorded all the facilities of a well-planned office; but no such service is offered. In the Division, the message center must be easily transported and, until the 27th Division took the field this summer, the only equipment carried by the center was the paper forms, the code books, and such other stationery as is used.

This summer, however, a field desk, comprising in effect a portable office, made its appearance. It was designed by the author after a plan used by him successfully as a message center chief in the 101st Signal Battalion. Constructed under the supervision of Lieut. Hauck, this desk, during the manoeuvers, received favorable comment from all. There is no doubt that it fills a need long felt for an easily transported office.

Folded for transport, it seems no more than a huge box, four feet by five feet and fourteen inches high, with legs collapsed against one side. Opened, the legs drop down, setting the writing surface at a height of 42 inches from the ground. The two long sides lift off and are hung inverted on the two short sides, forming a desk with four sides, each of which is large enough to seat two clerks with all the elbow room needed. Inside the two long sides are cubby holes and filing cabinets for records and supplies. In operation, wire baskets are placed on top for filing messages awaiting delivery.

The operation of the desk for message center work is as follows: The chief sits at one side, accessible to the files and records; beside him, to the left, sits the registry clerk. On the right side of the desk from the chief in order

A SCANDALOUS LIBEL



Drawn by Brig. Gen. DeWitt Clinton Falls

from him, sit the delivery clerk and a typist. Opposite the chief sit two telephone clerks, one for incoming messages and the other for outgoing messages. On the left side are two code clerks.

Let us follow a message through. A message is received to send out. The chief stamps it and classifies it, then hands it to the registry clerk, who numbers and registers it. He

A close-up of the ingenious portable field desk designed by Staff Sgt. Norton, 27th Div'n Signal Co., and described in the accompanying article

then hands it to a code clerk if it is to go by radio, to an orderly if it is to go by telegraph, to the telephone clerk, or, if it is to go by physical means, to the delivery clerk, who enters it on a list and files it until the next messenger leaves for that destination.

A message coming in is easier. It is given directly to the delivery clerk, who enters it on a list while the typist copies it (only messages for staff distribution are copied). He then hands it to a messenger to deliver, putting the messenger's name or number next to the sheet number on a special number sheet, devised by Corporal Bob Stewart, our delivery clerk. When the list comes back, signed for, the messenger's number is checked off.

The highest specialization possible is practised to avoid confusion. Two telephone clerks are necessary, even though such traffic is generally slight, for it would seem that just when there are messages to deliver by this means, there are hundreds to be received. In actual warfare, even further specialization would be needed. More registry clerks would be necessary, each handling only a certain destination. The delivery clerk would need assistance and a corps of typists would be required lest messages be delayed.

At present we can but work with what we have and plan what must be done if the need arises. At all events, we promise that, while the message center of our Division may have received much praise this past year, this praise will be more deserved next year. We have not finished now that our camp tour is over. On the contrary, we are conducting a little critique of our own, and its findings will be reflected by our achievements in 1932.

THE OLD GUARD BALL
JANUARY 29TH

PLANS have been completed for the 106th anniversary ball of the Old Guard of the City of New York on January 29 at the Hotel Commodore. Major Edward Havemeyer Snyder, commander, has announced that the proceeds from this year's event will go toward the Veterans' Loan Fund of the Old Guard.

Interest in the historic event is even greater this year than usual. For more than a century, the Old Guard Ball has been part of the tradition of New York Society. Leading social and military figures yearly foregather from all parts of the country to witness the colorful midnight pageant when over three thousand men, led by 250 members of the Old Guard, in their white and gold uniforms and black bearskin shakos, go through military manoeuvres. Acceptances thus far received indicate that there will be a record number to the ceremony. Henri Conrad will furnish music for dancing.

Among the box-holders this year will be Rear Admiral William W. Phelps, Major-General William N. Haskell, Major-General William Weigel, Major-General Quincy Adams Gillmore, Major-General Frank Parker, Lieutenant-General Robert Lee Bullard, Commander William Seaman Bainbridge, Commander George W. Simpson, Rear Admiral C. J. Peoples, Brigadier-General DeWitt Clinton Falls, Brigadier-General Lucius R. Holbrook, Brigadier-General Louis W. Stotesbury and Brigadier-General Charles E. Warren.

NEW YORK STATE RIFLEMEN ORGANIZE

ON Sunday, December 6, 1931, in the State Armory, Auburn, N. Y., there was organized the biggest shooting club ever known in the State of New York—the New York State Rifle and Pistol Association. The meeting and lunch was arranged by S. W. Fisher, of Ilion, N. Y., and Capt. C. H. Spicer, of Auburn, N. Y. The following clubs were represented at the meeting: Auburn, Geneva, Avon, Binghamton, Ithaca, Syracuse, Norwich, Moravia, Caledonia, Candor, Rochester, Fair Haven, Oswego, Johnson City, Wolcott, McGraw, Brooklea, Rome and Elmira.

Officers for the coming year were elected as follows: President, Mr. Floyd M. Avery of the Prison City Rifle Club, Auburn; Vice President, R. J. Hall of the Binghamton Rifle Club, Binghamton; Sec. Treasurer, S. W. Fisher of the Ilion Gun Club, Ilion; Statistical Officer, F. C. Remele of the Onondago Rifle Club, Syracuse, and the Board of Directors, the secretaries of each individual club.

A committee was appointed to draft rules and by-laws to be submitted to the different clubs and approved for publication as the By-Laws of the Empire State Rifle and Pistol Association.

It was decided that the fiscal year would be from January 1 to December 31, and that the dues would be two dollars per year per club.

The first official indoor shoot of the Association will be held in Ithaca, N. Y., some time in April, at which time teams from all over the state will take part. The first outdoor match will be held in September, at Ilion, N. Y.

It is planned to hold numerous mail matches during the winter months, as well as shoulder to shoulder matches between clubs in towns that are close together. The scores from these will count against other clubs in the State-wide association.

THE N.Y.N.G. RECEIVES HIGH COMMENDATION

MAJOR-GENERAL William N. Haskell is proud of the letter published below which was written by the recently-appointed commander of the Second Corps Area, Major-General Dennis E. Nolan and has requested that it be published in The Guardsman so that every man in the New York National Guard may read it and consider with like pride the contribution which he himself and his own unit made towards the establishment of this fine record.

HEADQUARTERS SECOND CORPS AREA
Office of the Corps Commander
Governors Island, New York
December 9, 1931

Subject: Attendance at Field Training, New York National Guard, 1931.
To: The Adjutant General of New York, Albany, N. Y.

1. The attendance of the New York National Guard at Field training during the past Summer as published in Training Circular No. 12, Headquarters New York National Guard, December 1, 1931, is a record of which you and the New York National Guard may be justly proud.

2. The fact that out of a total aggregate strength of 21,305, 20,294 or 95.25% were present for field training, is proof of the high morale and earnest devotion to duty of the officers, warrant officers and enlisted men of the New York National Guard.

3. I desire to extend my personal congratulations to the Guard for the excellent record.

D. E. NOLAN,
Major-General.
Commanding.

71ST INFANTRY, N.Y.N.G., RECEIVES GOOD-WILL TOKEN FROM 71ST INFANTRY, POLAND

LAST April, when the 71st Infantry was reviewed by His Excellency, Tytus Filipowicz, Ambassador Extraordinary of Poland to the United States, the Ambassador addressed the Regiment and recalled the fact that the first draft of Polish recruits to leave this country during the World War received its training in the 71st Regiment's armory.

In token of their appreciation of the willing service rendered them by their comrades-in-arms, the 71st Infantry Regiment of the Polish Army has presented the 71st Infantry, N.Y.N.G., with a bronze statuette "with their best compliments and soldierly greetings."

At the foot of the next column, we publish the letter received by Col. DeLamater, commanding the 71st Infantry, N.Y.N.G., from the Polish Ambassador.

Washington, D. C. November 30, 1931.

My dear Colonel De Lamater:

The commander and officers of the Polish 71st Infantry Regiment wish me to transmit to you a bronze statuette with their best compliments and soldierly greetings. I take great pleasure in sending the statuette at the same time by express.

The Polish inscription on the statuette reads in English as follows: "To the 71st Infantry, New York National Guard, with brotherly greetings from the 71st Polish Infantry Regiment."

With my best wishes and personal regards,
I am, my dear Colonel,
Very sincerely yours, T. FILIPOWICZ.

NEW CHIEF OF MILITIA BUREAU TAKES OATH OF OFFICE

Major-General George E. Leach, newly appointed Chief of the Militia Bureau. An article about General Leach appeared in the December issue of The Guardsman.

MAJOR-GENERAL GEORGE F. LEACH, successor as Chief of the Militia Bureau to Major-General William G. Everson, took the oath of office at a meeting of the Adjutants-General Association of the United States, just before the annual convention of the National Guard Association of the U. S. opened in New Orleans last month.

The oath was administered by Brigadier-General Ellard Walsh, Adjutant-General for the state of Minnesota, General Leach's home state. Major-General Ralph Immell, president of the Adjutants-General Association, presided at the event.

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BRIEF EDITORIALS

CARDINAL NEWMAN'S DEFINITION OF "A GENTLEMAN"

"IT is almost a definition of a gentleman, to say he is one who never inflicts pain. This description is both refined, and, as far as it goes, accurate. He is mainly occupied in merely removing the obstacles which hinder the free and unembarrassed action of those about him; and he concurs with their movements rather than takes the initiative himself.

"His benefits may be considered as parallel to what are called comforts or conveniences in arrangements of a personal nature: like an easy chair or a good fire, which do their part in dispelling cold and fatigue, though nature provides both means of rest and animal heat without them.

"The true gentleman in like manner carefully avoids whatever may cause a jar or a jolt in the minds of those with whom he is cast; all clashing of opinion, or collision of feeling, all restraint, or suspicion, or gloom, or resentment; his great concern being to make every one at their ease and at home. He has his eyes on all his company; he is tender towards the bashful, gentle towards the distant, and merciful towards the absurd; he can recollect to whom he is speaking; he guards against unreasonable allusions, or topics which may irritate; he is seldom prominent in conversation, and never wearisome.

"He makes light of favors while he does them, and seems to be receiving when he is conferring. He never speaks of himself except when compelled, never defends himself by a mere retort, he has no ears for slander or gossip, is scrupulous in imputing motives to those who interfere with him, and interprets everything for the best. He is never mean or little in his disputes, never takes unfair advantage, never mistakes personalities or sharp sayings for arguments, or insinuates evil which he dare not say out.

"From a long-sighted prudence he observes the maxim of the ancient sage, that we should ever conduct ourselves towards our enemy as if he were one day to be our friend. He has too much good sense to be affronted at insults, he is too well employed to remember injuries, and too indolent to bear malice. He is patient, forbearing, and resigned on philosophical principles; he submits to pain, because it is inevitable, to bereavement, because it is irreparable, and to death, because it is his destiny.

"If he engages in controversy of any kind, his disciplined intellect preserves him from the blundering discourtesy of better, though less educated minds; who, like blunt weapons, tear and hack instead of cutting clean, who mistake the point in argument, waste their strength on trifles, misconceive their adversary, and leave the question more involved than they find it. He may be right or wrong in his opinion, but he is too clear-headed to be unjust; he is as simple as he is forcible, and as brief as he is decisive. Nowhere shall we find greater candor, consideration, indulgence: he throws himself into the minds of his opponents, he accounts for their mistakes. He knows the weakness of human reason as well as its strength, its province and its limits.

"If he be an unbeliever, he will be too profound and large-minded to ridicule religion or to act against it; he is too wise to be a dogmatist or fanatic in his infidelity. He respects piety and devotion; he even supports institutions as venerable, beautiful, or useful, to which he does not assent; he honors the ministers of religion, and he is contented with declining its mysteries without assailing or denouncing them. He is a friend of religious toleration, and that, not only because his philosophy has taught him to look on all forms of faith with an impartial eye, but also from the gentleness and effeminacy of feeling, which is the attendant on civilization."

J. H. NEWMAN—*The Scope and Nature of University Teaching.*

Don't forget the Buffalo Get-Together: January 15 and 16. Combine a little business with pleasure. *It will be a Great Convention!*

OUR FRONT COVER

THE front cover of this month's GUARDSMAN was drawn by the latest recruit to our staff of artists — Pvt. George Weisbrod, Medical Detachment, 106th Infantry.

The title of the picture is "Chivalry." During the World War, this code which flourished in the times of armored knights, went by the board, but found a last stronghold in the air forces on both sides. The Knights of the Air engaged in single combat with each other like their ancestors in the Middle Ages, and many are the stories told of chivalrous, "knightly" conduct evidenced between opponents or by the victor to the vanquished. It is difficult to say just how much chivalry will be manifested, however, should there be another conflict between nations.

Pvt. Weisbrod has promised us further examples of his work and our readers, we know, will look forward to seeing them.

GENERAL HASKELL'S EDITORIAL

THE PRACTICAL PURPOSE OF CONVENTIONS

ONE often hears the question asked, "What good do these Conventions do?" Perhaps it would be well to take this opportunity of replying to this question, seeing that the New York National Guard and Naval Militia Convention will be meeting in Buffalo a few days after this issue of The Guardsman appears.

Let us consider, first, why large business concerns regard annual conventions as necessary to the welfare and promotion of their business. On these occasions, representatives from all branches and departments are assembled. They learn what their firm has accomplished during the past year; these accomplishments are analyzed and an aggressive policy is worked out which will take care of any weak spots shown up by the analysis. Managers of distant branches meet the various directors and managing heads from headquarters and personal relationships are established which promote enthusiasm, mutual respect, and goodwill. An opportunity is given to air one's views and expound one's ideas for the smoother working of details, for the improvement of sales, for more rigid economy of organization, and so forth. In short, this annual gathering brings the team together and plans are then made for a closer cooperation and a more successful campaign during the forthcoming year.

Our annual National Guard Convention is held for much the same reasons. First of all, matters are brought up for discussion which have to do with the protection of National Guard interests in State Legislation. The National Guard has no Lobby at Albany, but suggestions, resolutions, etc., received from the N.Y.N.G. Convention are given serious consideration by the Legislature.

During the Convention, those attending are given the opportunity of hearing the views of such important officers as the Chief of the Militia Bureau, the Corps Area Commander, etc., upon matters closely affecting the Guard. The work of the past year is reviewed and the policy for the coming year is announced. Ideas are brought up for discussion, the carrying out of which is thought likely to increase the efficiency of the National Guard.

And, by no means of least importance, the officer personnel of all units scattered throughout the State, who, in the event of war, would be expected to work together as an efficiently organized team, are brought together and are thus given the chance of making each other's acquaintance. This in itself is highly desirable. It is very much easier to work with a known personality, to understand his point of view and for him to understand yours, than it is to try to cooperate with a mere name at the foot of a letter or memorandum.

It is very much easier, also, for the artillery, the aviation, the cavalry, to perform their functions of assisting the infantry if they know personally the infantry commander whom they are required to assist, his personal characteristics and what his normal course of action would be in any given situation. It is very necessary for the infantry commander to know just how and to what extent the artillery, aviation, and cavalry can assist him, to learn not to expect nor to ask for the impossible.

Team-work requires mutual understanding and mutual cooperation. Understanding and cooperation require mutual acquaintance and mutual knowledge of personal characteristics and capacities. A team of individual stars, brilliant as they may be, usually falls an easy prey to the cohesive, united action of players of lesser ability who have been molded by training and association into one cohesive unit.

Therefore I hope that at our New York Guard Convention, everyone will feel that he is an important part of our military team, that it is up to him to contribute as much as he can to the profit we hope to get from the convention and up to him to get as much profit as possible out of the convention for himself and his particular unit, to learn as much as he can about policies and problems, to tell about his own successes and troubles, to interchange ideas and suggestions with other officers whom he rarely has a chance to meet.

The annual convention is the one time of the year when we all get together from all of the wide area of our great State. I hope that as many of our Officers as can arrange to do so will grasp this opportunity for better acquaintance, better understanding, and better knowledge.

W. H. Haskell

Major-General

Veterans' Review, 106th Infantry

ALL of those who served with the New York National Guard on the Mexican Border will remember the phrase of Kipling's which was selected by General O'Ryan as the motto of the "Rio Grande Rattler"—"The Strength of the wolf is the pack, but the strength of the pack is the wolf." In our National Guard we could truthfully carry this simile still further and say that the real inherent strength of our organization is not alone its present members but its "veterans"—those who have written its history in years past and who still retain their interest and their enthusiasm for the organizations to which they gave their services and of which they now treasure so many memories.

The 106th Infantry recognized this fact in the fine review tendered on December 12th to the Veteran Association of the regiment and the veterans on their side showed their appreciation of the courtesy and their interest in the regiment by turning out in large numbers for the ceremony.

The reviewing officer was Mr. Royal A. Curtis, President of the Veteran Association, with a very distinguished staff of veterans who had won high honors in military and civil life. At least two hundred other former members of the regiment with the colors of the Association formed as escort behind the staff and reviewed the regiment in its march past.

Prior to the review Colonel William R. Wright, the present temporary commander of the 106th Infantry, and his field and staff entertained the reviewing party at dinner in the Officers' Club at the armory. Sixty sat down to dinner, including Mr. Curtis, Brigadier-General George Albert Wingate, Brigadier-General James Robb, Brigadier-General Frederick W. Baldwin, Colonel William A. Taylor, Colonel Louis J. Praeger, Colonel Vivian L. Outerbridge, Rev. Frank M. Townley, and others, some of whose final military ratings we are uncertain of, so we shall list them all as "Veterans": Annable Rogers, Geib, Ulrichs, Blanton, DeMott, McMullen, Sherman, Singleton, Dunne, Langer, Dawson, Suavet, Ward, Findlay, Thomas, Tucker, J. F. Curtis, Ireland, Conroy, Corwin, Hall, Hartshorn, Strahan, McDermott, Gunther, Cochran, Donnelly, Michelborough and Conklin, together with Captain McCormick, present regimental instructor from the U. S. Army, and Captain Field, formerly of the British Army.

For the review and other military formations, the regiment was commanded by Lieutenant-Colonel Frank C. Vincent and made a splendid appearance in their full dress grey uniforms with white duck trousers. The reviewing party inspected every company in the regiment as none of them would consent to simply march around the regiment as a whole and omit a personal and close-up view of the respective companies in which they had served. They finished their long walk in a condition which spoke volumes for the benefits of early military training and with evident satisfaction in a duty thoroughly and well performed.

Company F, commanded by Captain Clarence E. Blake-Lobb, was then called front and center and presented with a very handsome silk guidon embroidered with the regimental coat-of-arms, the "Veterans Trophy," to be awarded annually for one year to the company which is adjudged to have made the best general record during the previous training year. With the guidon goes the honor of acting as escort to the colors on all occasions of ceremony.

When Company F had resumed its place, the regiment passed in review and to the spectator it appeared evident that every man in the ranks was doing his level best to do credit to the regiment, the result being a smoothness and precision that can be attained only in this way.

After the review, an intercompany handicap relay race was run with a full entry list and which, after a very fine competition, was won by the scratch team from the Service Company, with Regimental Headquarters Company second and Company G third. The prizes for this event were given out by General Wingate.

Following this event details from the Second Battalion, Major Albert F. Hogle, performed the ceremony of guard mounting, Captain Wallace of Co. C, acting as new officer of the day, Captain Swenson of Co. H, as old officer of the day, 1st Lieut. Dunn, 2nd Bn. Hqrs., as Adjutant, and 2nd Lieutenant Bowen of Co. E as officer of the guard. The detachment presented a fine appearance and performed the ceremony in splendid style.

The regiment then reformed on the drill floor and fifty-six officers and men were called to the front to receive the regimental "Vigilantia" long service cross. Crosses for twenty-five years of service were presented to Lieut. Colonel Frank C. Vincent, Staff Sgt. Charles F. Steenworth and Sgt. Theodore H. Gaden, for twenty years to Warrant Officer Thomas F. Shannon and Master Sergeant Samuel A. Park, for fifteen years to eight officers and men and for ten years to forty-three officers and men.

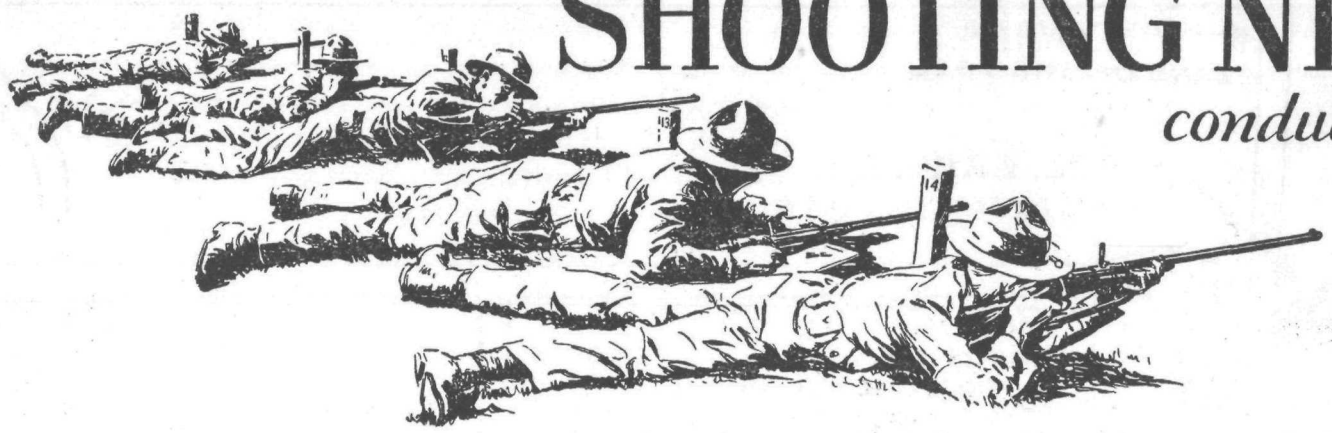
The presentation was made by General Robb assisted by General Baldwin, Colonels Taylor, Praeger and Outerbridge.

Sergeant A. J. Shoucair of Company F was then called forward and presented by General Wingate with the gold medal for the highest individual score for 1931 in the competition for the Brooklyn National Guard and Naval Militia Trophy matches.

Company F then escorted the colors to the center of the drill floor, the regiment presented arms, the National Anthem was played and the colors were then escorted to the commanding officer's quarters, a novel and very impressive ceremony which was a very effective modification of the usual method of procedure.

The regiment and the reviewing party followed the colors off the floor and scattered to the various company rooms and to the Veterans' Room and Council of Officers rooms, where a collation was served. Dancing for officers and their guests was held in the school room and for the enlisted personnel on the main drill floor until 12:30 in the morning. Throughout the evening the music furnished by Band Leader Thomas F. Shannon and his fine band and by the field music of the regiment contributed very largely to the success of the occasion.

The regiment is to be congratulated upon a very well performed and very successful ceremony. Throughout the evening, the spirit of the present regiment and the sustained interest of the Veterans in the regiment stood out clearly and unmistakably.



SHOOTING NEWS

conducted by

NATIONAL RIFLE ASSOCIATION

BARR BUILDING . . . . WASHINGTON D.C.

CRACK CIVILIAN SHOTS MATCH FOR "REGULARS"

ALL the country's crack rifle and pistol shots are not in the regular service. The National Guard and strictly civilian shooters have made marked progress against Uncle Sam's regulars in national competition and when metals are being distributed after any match the civilian class gets a goodly share. A review of the medal winning list of the last National Rifle and Pistol Matches, as outlined by the National Rifle Association, bears out this fact.

In the more important National Rifle Association events where civilians and military marksmen battled for honors shoulder-to-shoulder, civilians won 122 medals, National Guardsmen, 126, and the service men, 244, giving the civilians and Guardsmen combined an edge of four medals. In addition, civilians copped 98 medals in events where few service men competed and took 134 medals in the small bore matches.

The civilians' outstanding achievements were the winning of the Wimbledon Cup, the A. E. F. Roumanian Cup and the Crowell Cup, and placing second in the government's national individual rifle match. The National Guard's big successes were the winning of the President's Match, the Infantry Match and the Hilton trophy.

Forty-nine civilians, 38 National Guardsmen, 124 service men and two Reserves won medals in the national individual pistol and rifle matches. In the national rifle team match, the six service, the Reserve, two civilian and eight Guard teams won Class A medals; the American Legion, a C. M. T. C., three civilian and five Guard teams won Class B medals, and an R. O. T. C., four civilian and five Guard teams won Class C medals.

More than three-quarters of the civilian shooters at the matches qualified with the service rifle, 397 qualifying as experts, 252 as sharpshooters and 64 as marksmen. Civilian and National Guard shooters won approximately $17,500 of the $21,000 cash prizes in the matches.

The success of the civilian and National Guard marksmen is convincing refutation of any suggestion that the military-trained shooter has a monopoly on the victors' spoils in the National Matches. The civilian has proven he can be depended upon to give his service rivals stiff competition in any match with any rifle or pistol. Too, the great number of civilians qualifying with the rifle is proof of the value of the National Matches to the future security of the country should war ever occur.

DISARMED NATION POOR INSURANCE

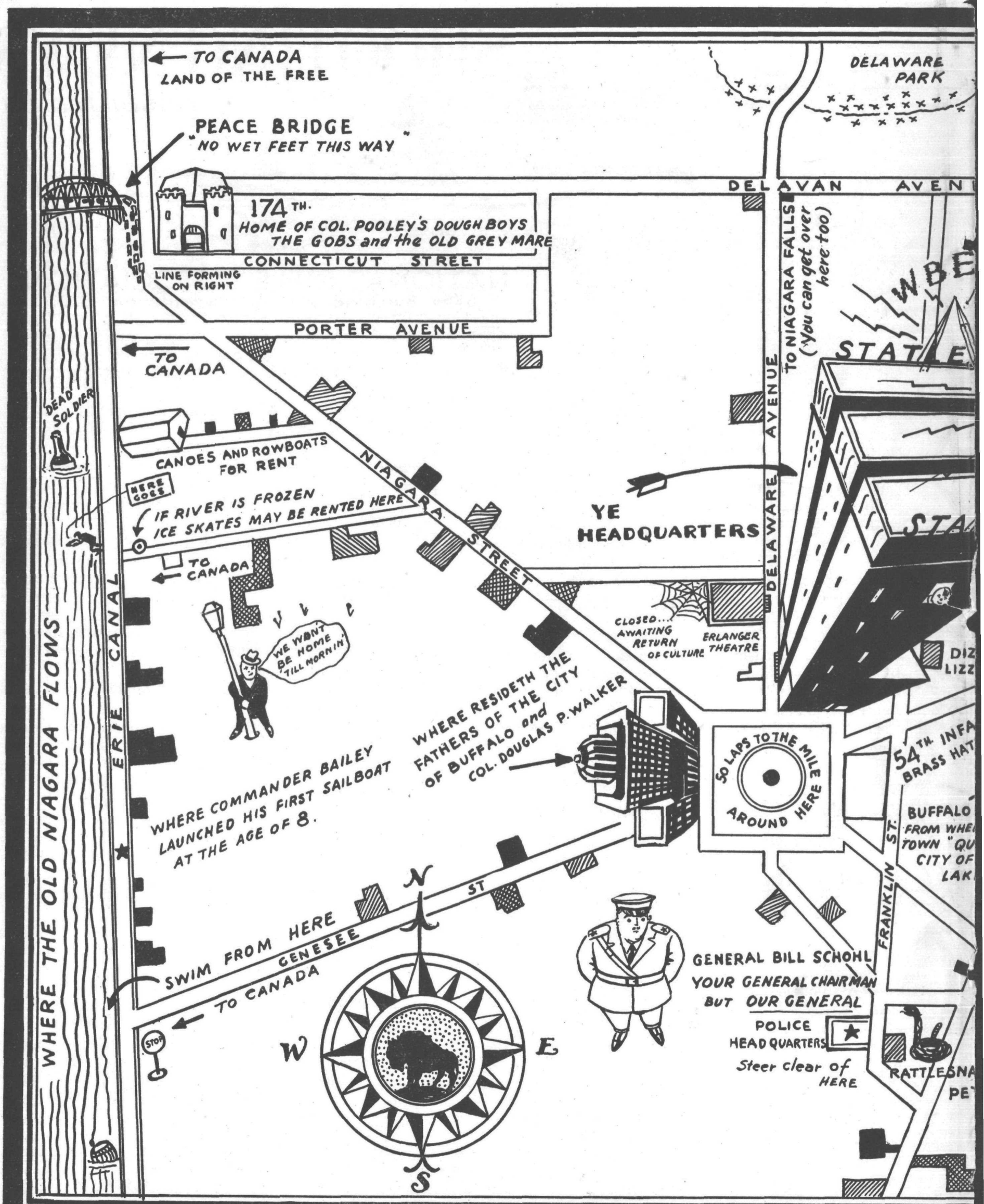
NEW YORK STATE is being plundered and robbed in a way unheard of in other states that have no anti-gun laws of the Sullivan type. China for years has been plundered and robbed and her citizens murdered and pressed into service whether they would or not, in a manner unknown in nations armed and prepared to defend their properties.

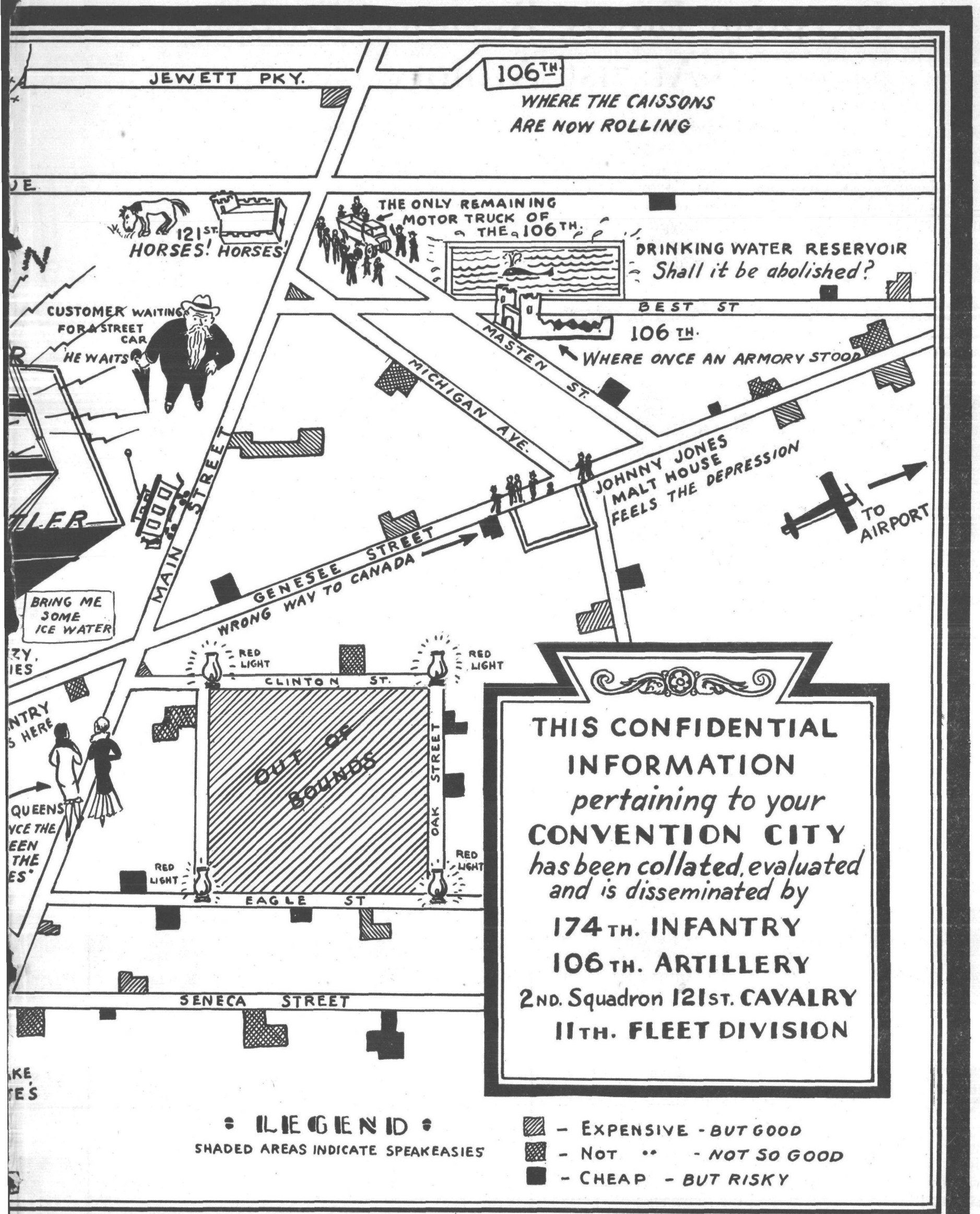
Citing these examples, C. B. Lister, secretary-treasurer of the National Rifle Association, points a warning finger against disarmament of the bandit-menaced public by unreasonably stringent anti-gun laws and against disarming of the nation by continued reduction of the military and naval strength for the sake of a false economy. He discusses the situation in the current issue of *The American Rifleman* under the title of "Disarmament and Economy."

"The proponents of disarmament in the past have advanced on one hand the theory that disarmament would stop crime, and on the other hand that disarmament would prevent international plundering," Mr. Lister asserts. "They have gone about their work in the states by pressing for the passage of Sullivan Laws. They have gone about their work in the National Congress by pressing for the elimination of the army and navy. They persist in conveniently overlooking the situation that has developed in New York under a disarmament law and the identical situation existing in China, which has for centuries been the most disarmed and pacifically inclined nation in the world."

Discussing disarmament of citizens from the insurance angle, Mr. Lister discloses that burglary and hold-up insurance rates in New York are higher than in states where more liberal yet more effective anti-gun laws prevail. Viewing the national defense from the same angle, he states:

"We know that the merchant with the largest stock to protect expects to pay the largest premium. Applying the same theory to our requirements for national insurance, we find the United States appropriating approximately .14 of one per cent of its wealth to take care of its armed land forces. England appropriates .40 per cent, Japan .55 per cent; France, .67 per cent; Italy, .72 per cent, and Soviet Russia, 1.33 per cent. It seems safe to assume that if this matter of national hold-up and burglary insurance, which is all national defense amounts to, could be placed on the acturial basis, the rate paid by the United States would be much higher than it is at this time."


TO CANADA
LAND OF THE FREE
PEACE BRIDGE
"NO WET FEET THIS WAY"
DELAWARE PARK
174 TH.
HOME OF COL. POOLEY'S DOUGH BOYS
THE GOBS and the OLD GREY MARE
CONNECTICUT STREET
LINE FORMING ON RIGHT
PORTER AVENUE
TO CANADA
DEAD SOLDIER
CANOES AND ROWBOATS FOR RENT
HERE GOES
IF RIVER IS FROZEN
ICE SKATES MAY BE RENTED HERE
NIAGARA STREET
TO CANADA
WE WON'T BE HOME 'TILL MORNIN'
YE HEADQUARTERS
DELAWARE AVENUE
TO NIAGARA FALLS
(You can get over here too)
CLOSED... AWAITING RETURN OF CULTURE
ERLANGER THEATRE
WHERE COMMANDER BAILEY LAUNCHED HIS FIRST SAILBOAT AT THE AGE OF 8.
WHERE RESIDETH THE FATHERS OF THE CITY OF BUFFALO and COL. DOUGLAS P. WALKER
50 LAPS TO THE MILE AROUND HERE
WHERE THE OLD NIAGARA FLOWS
ERIE CANAL
SWIM FROM HERE
GENESEE ST
TO CANADA
STOP
N
W
E
S
GENERAL BILL SCHOHL
YOUR GENERAL CHAIRMAN
BUT OUR GENERAL
POLICE HEAD QUARTERS
Steer clear of HERE
FRANKLIN ST.
54TH INFA
BRASS HAT
BUFFALO
FROM WHE
TOWN "QU
CITY OF
LAK
DIZ
LIZZ
RATTLESNA
PE



NTION?—AND HOW!

Egyptian Envoy Reviews Troops At 71st Armory

Reprinted through courtesy of N. Y. HERALD-TRIBUNE

ON his first visit of length to New York, His Excellency Sesostris Sidarouss Pasha, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the United States of His Majesty, King Fouad I, of Egypt, was a guest, on November 28th, 1931, at a dinner at the McAlpin, given by Colonel Walter A. DeLamater, commanding the 71st Infantry.

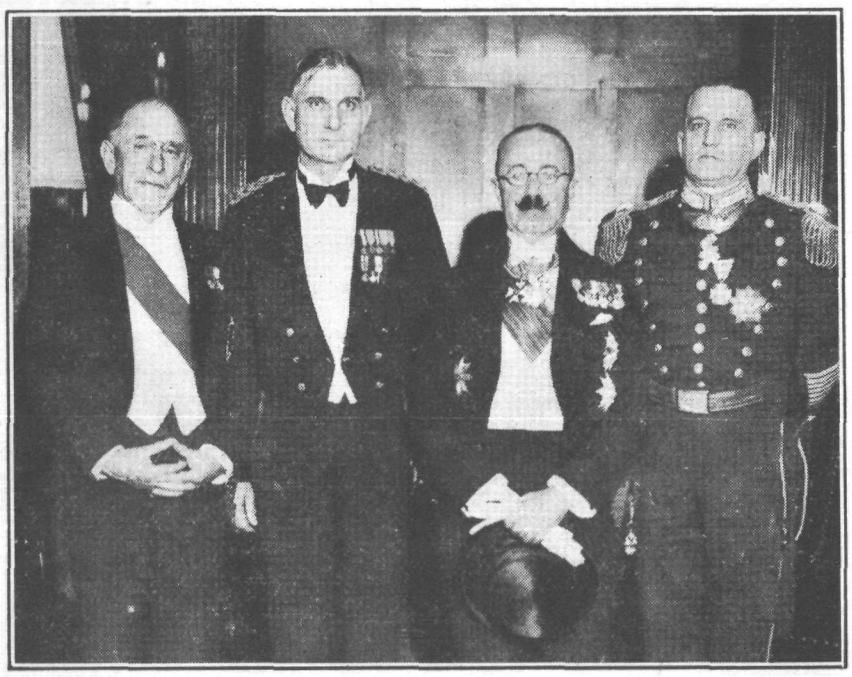


Photo by Continental Photo Service.

AT THE 71ST REVIEW

Left to Right: Hon. Henry Morgenthau, former Ambassador to Turkey: Brig.-Gen. Lucius R. Holbrook, Commanding General 1st Division; Ambassador Sesostris Sidarouss Pasha; Colonel Walter A. De Lamater, commanding 71st Infantry.

The dinner was informal—that is to say, there was no speechmaking—and the guests hurried from their tables to the Regiment Armory where the Pasha reviewed the nineteen companies of the regiment.

The Pasha had arrived only that afternoon from Washington and, after being met at the Pennsylvania Station by Staff Officers of the 71st Infantry, was escorted to the Hotel McAlpin. The review began at 8.30, with Colonel DeLamater commanding. As soon as the party of distinguished guests was assembled in the Reviewing Box, the Regimental Band, under the leadership of Drum-Major Mode, played the Egyptian National Anthem while the Regiment and the 5,000 spectators stood at attention.

An exhibition of the assembling of the 103 parts of an escort wagon by the Transportation Platoon of the Service Company, Lieut. William J. Murray, Jr., commanding, followed the review, the assemblage being made in almost record time.

An excellent showing was made by the Provisional Company, Lieut. David E. Misner commanding, which, with other provisional companies, formed the Provisional Battalion representing the State of New York at the Yorktown Sesquicentennial Celebration. Close order drill was performed by this company and the thousands of spectators expressed their appreciation in a very warm manner.

Evening Parade, under the command of Lieutenant Colonel Ames T. Brown, closed the review, after which a reception and dance was held.

The Pasha appeared in the full dress of his office. He holds the Egyptian Orders of the Medjediah and the Nile; is Grand Cross of the Belgian Crown, the Greek Order of the Phoenix, and the Jugoslavic Order of St. Sava; and is Commander and Officer of the Royal Victorian Order, St. Gregory the Great, the Legion d'Honneur, the French Public Instruction, and St. Sylvester.

Over coffee in the officers' quarters after the review, the Pasha relaxed and extended good wishes to the city and its people. On the question of American women, he hesitated for a moment, being surrounded at that moment by the fairest specimens of that sex. Finally, he stated that they impressed him as occupying a very important part in both civil and commercial life.

Asked if Egyptians generally did not think American women "spoiled," he smiled diplomatically and reached for his coffee.

Among the guests of honor at the dinner were: Waguih Rrostum, secretary of the Egyptian Legation; Abol Ela, delegate of Alexandria Municipality; O. Hilmy, of the Egyptian Consulate; A. Hennawy, of the Egyptian Legation; H. Khatib, Egyptian Consul; General Lucius R. Holbrook, commanding 1st Division, and Mrs. Holbrook; Major-General William N. Haskell, commanding 27th Division, N. Y. N. G., and Mrs. Haskell; Major Howard Donnelly; Lt. Col. Henry E. Suavet, Inspector General, 27th Division, N. Y. N. G., and Mrs. Suavet; Louis Wiley, business manager of The New York Times; Justice Peter Schmuck; Hon. Henry Morgenthau, former U. S. Ambassador to Turkey; Lady Leslie; Duke Fabio Carafa D'Andria.

GOOD NEWS FOR 1932!

IT LOOKS as if we shall be trying out the 4- or 5-day week this coming year, as nearly all our public holidays fall either on a Friday or a Monday. Just look at the following facts and "figgers" and then start planning what to do with some of those long week-ends. If you don't know what to do, ask your girl. If you haven't got one, of course, that's just too bad. But there's still plenty of time.

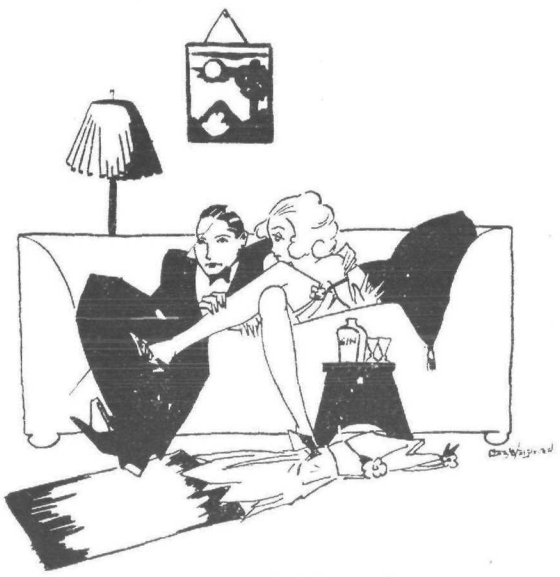
Christmas, 1931	Friday
New Year's Day	Friday
Lincoln's Birthday	Friday
Washington's Birthday	Monday
Decoration Day	Monday
July 4th	Monday
Labor Day	Monday
Christmas, 1932	Monday
(December 25 falls on Sunday)	
New Year's Day, 1933	Monday
(January 1 falls on Sunday)	

KEEP SMILING

Squawking in French

"What's the idea of the Greens having French lessons?"

"They've adopted a French baby, and want to understand what it says when it begins to talk."



Sense of Touch

Johnnie: "I feel as if I had known you for years."

Mary: "I'll say you do."

Aw, Nertz!

When one little boy and one little girl go out joy-riding—it's usually just two bad.

Retreat from Bed-lam

"And what did the policeman's girl friend do when he raided her apartment last night?"

"She let out a terrified sheik."

Oh, dat's Anudder Story

"Oh, mama!" exclaimed the four-year-old from the city, who was visiting for the first time in the country, "I see a cow!"

"How do you know it isn't a horse, son?"

"Because I can see its faucets."

Can't Figure It Out

We can believe that a fool and his money are soon parted, all right, but where the fool gets his money in the first place is the thing we can't understand.

A Big Difference

"Do you know the difference between a woman and a telephone?"

"No."

"Well, both repeat what they hear, but the telephone repeats it exactly as it hears it."

Oh Boy, What a Hangover

Boss: "You're late this morning, Rastus!"

Rastus: "Well, sah, when Ah looked in de glass dis mornin' Ah couldn't see mahself there, so Ah thought Ah'd gone to work. But a coupla hours later Ah discovered dat de glass had dropped out of de frame."

5th Corps News (Ind.)

She Knew of a Better 'Ole

Alice: "I don't think much of Bob's new Austin."

Babe: "I don't either. In fact, I was terribly disappointed in it."

All Clear!

"Why on earth are you putting that green crayon on your lips?"

"Why, silly, I've a date with a railroad man."

He Hated Noise

Store Clerk: "Did you say a noiseless revolver, Madam?"

Madam: "Yes, please; I want to shoot my husband without him knowing it."

Advertising Indiscretions

1932 Hosiery will reach new heights of feminine loveliness.

Just the Same

An attempt to settle the difference between a man and his wife is reported by Judge Humphreys.

"Do you act toward your wife as you did before you married her?"

"Exactly," replied the man. "I remember just how I used to act when I first fell in love with her. I used to lean over the fence in front of her house and gaze at her shadow on the curtain, afraid to go in. And I act just the same way now."

Chicken à la Camp Smith

"Casey," said his friend Dugan, "How do you tell how old a chicken is?"

"I can always tell by the teeth," said Casey.

"By the teeth!" exclaimed Dugan. "You poor prune, a chicken has no teeth!"

"No," admitted Casey, "but I have."

212th Coast Artillery Again Wins the Wadsworth Trophy

REPEATING their high-class brand of baseball, the 212th Coast Artillery team successfully defended their 1930 championship in this year's competition for the Senator James W. Wadsworth, Jr., Trophy, and thereby won their second leg on this beautiful emblem of National Guard baseball prowess.

The tournament opened on June 20th and was concluded as per schedule on September 5th. There were no defaults and Old Man Weather joined up with us this year in splendid fashion, forcing but one change in playing dates. On the whole it seemed that there was quite some improvement in the make-up of the various teams, particularly in the representatives put on the field from the 93rd Brigade Headquarters Company and the 165th Infantry. The league game between these two organizations was a humdinger, requiring 10 innings to show the 165th Infantry winning by the score of 8 to 7.

The final game found the Coast Artillery opposed by the 165th Irish. The Anti-Aircraft team got off to a three-run lead in the first inning and were never headed, winning the game and the championship by the score of 5 to 3.

The summary of the game follows:

212th C. A.	ab	r	h	po	a	e
Quinn, ss	3	1	1	4	3	1
McCarthy, 3b	5	1	0	2	1	1
Bennett, 1b	4	1	1	4	0	1
Leitch, c	4	0	0	6	1	1
Karol, rf	3	0	0	0	0	0
Vighe, 2b	4	0	0	5	1	1
James, cf	4	1	1	2	0	0
O'Keefe, p	4	1	2	3	1	0
Hedgecock, lf	4	0	1	1	0	0
	35	5	6	27	7	5

165th Inf.	ab	r	h	po	a	e
Lee, ss	4	0	0	0	4	1
Hoctor, J., 3b	3	1	0	1	2	0
Sullivan, rf	4	0	1	0	0	0
Hoctor, E., c	4	1	1	7	2	0
Klinger, lf	4	0	1	3	0	0
Becker, 2b	3	1	0	3	2	1
Maloney, 1b	2	0	0	4	0	0
Burke, 1b	1	0	0	5	0	0
Lantrancho, cf	3	0	0	4	0	0
O'Brien, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rodgers, p	3	0	0	0	1	0
*Lynch	0	0	0	0	0	0
	31	3	3	27	11	2

*Ran for Sullivan in 9th inning.

212th Coast Artillery	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1 = 5
165th Infantry	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0 = 3

Sacrifice hits: Karal (1), O'Keefe (1). Stolen bases: Bennett (1), Lynch (1). Three-base hits: James. Home run: E. Hoctor. Double play: Lee to Becker to Maloney. Hits: Off O'Brien, 2 in 1 inning (two men out). Strikeouts: By O'Keefe 7, Rodgers 4. Bases on balls: Off O'Keefe 1, O'Brien 1, Rodgers 3. Wild pitch: Rodgers (1). Time of game: 1 hour 37 minutes. Umpires: R. Ferris, L. Ferris, J. Carroll.

The results of all tournament games is as follows: June 20th, 102nd Medical Regiment, 13; 369th Infantry, 14. June 27th, 102nd Engineers, 5; 245th Coast Artillery, 3. July 4th, 105th Infantry, 10; 106th Infantry, 1. July 11th, 105th Infantry, 1; 102nd Engineers, 0. July 22nd, 212th Coast Artillery, 22; 71st Infantry, 2. July 25th, 212th Coast Artillery, 11; 369th Infantry, 3. August 1st, 165th Infantry, 8; 93rd Brigade Headquarters Company, 7 (ten innings). August 8th, 212th Coast Artillery, 4; 105th Infantry, 3. August 15th, 10th Infantry, 6; 27th Trains, 3. August 22nd, 165th Infantry, 5; 10th Infantry, 3. August 30th, 165th Infantry, 9; 108th Infantry, 5. September 5, 212th Coast Artillery, 5; 165th Infantry, 3.

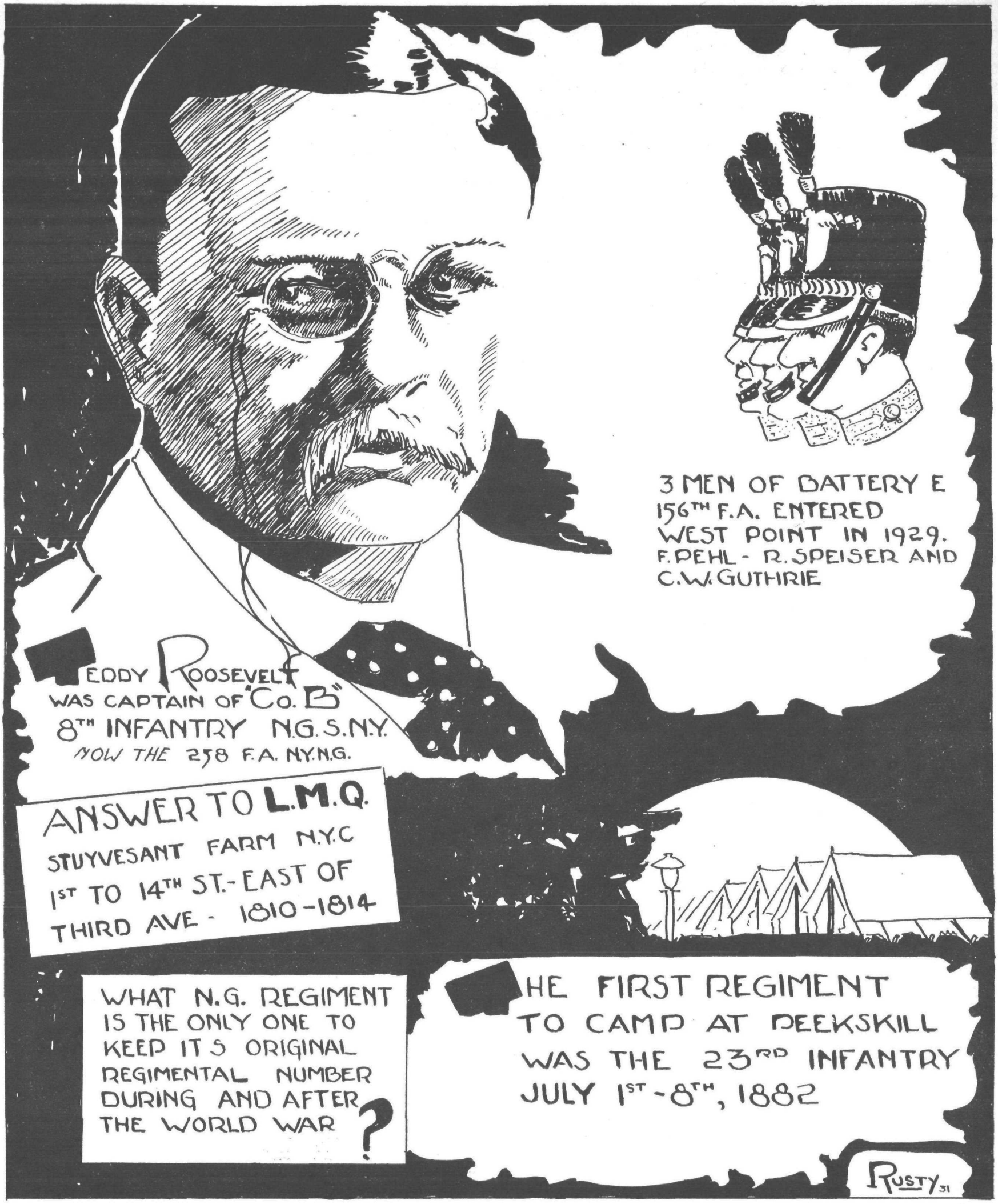
MEMORIAL SERVICE OF 106TH INFANTRY POST NO. 23

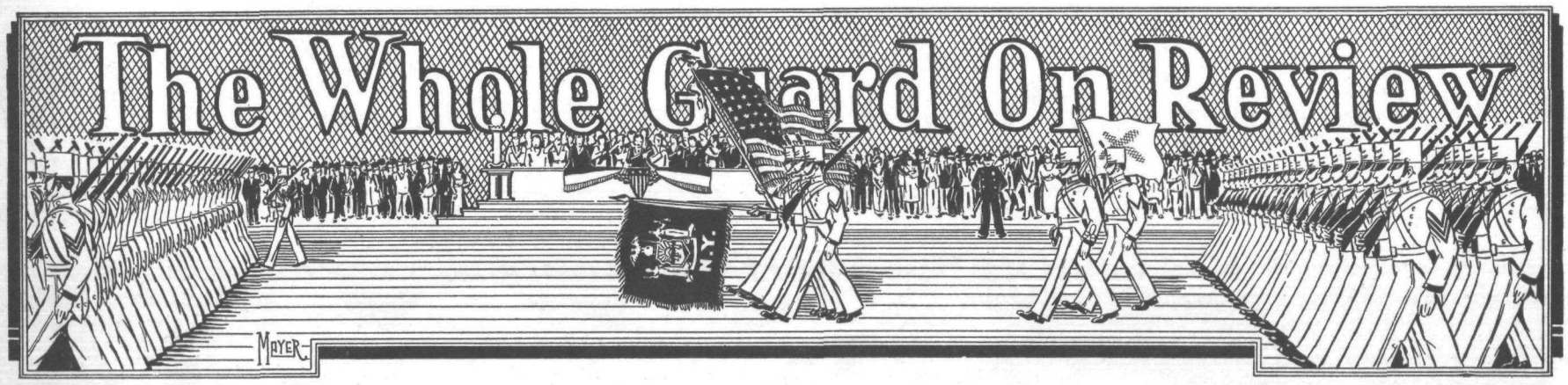
A VERY impressive memorial service of the 106th Infantry Post No. 23 of the 27th Division Association was held in the new squad-room of the Armory on Sunday afternoon, December 13th, under the direction of Captain Edward F. Dunne, Post Commander. The exercises, with Lieut. Colonel Frank C. Vincent, executive officer of the 106th Infantry, presiding, consisted of invocation by Dr. Cohen, addresses by Colonel William R. Wright, present commander of the regiment, Colonel William A. Taylor, its war-time commander, Lieut. Colonel Arthur V. McDermott and Major Donald C. Strahan, prayer by Major Frank A. Hanscom, war-time chaplain, and benediction by Captain James E. Rock, with music by the Tellefsen Trio.

The Gold Star mothers of the regiment attended and a large audience of friends assisted in a very dignified but simple service in memory of the many members of the 106th Infantry who gave their lives for their country during the World War. Members of Company I, 106th Infantry, under Captain Eugene M. Cunningham, in the regimental full dress uniform, formed the guard of honor and acted as ushers.

It Happened in the Guard . . .

SGT. M. J. GLICKMAN
27th Tank Company





51st CAVALRY BRIGADE
Headquarters Troop

AFTER a long absence from the pages of the New York National Guardsman, the editor of our own weekly "Forager," having been appointed troop reporter, thought it might be a good idea to help put over this issue of the Guardsman by supplying some news of Headquarters Troop, 51st Cavalry Brigade.

The latest acquisition of the troopers is a section of the mounting corridor done over into a company room, for which Sgt. Harry G. Kettner, the Armorer, is receiving the plaudits of the troop. It will be appropriately dedicated "Kettner Hall" now that we know how to turn out for ceremonies.

Which brings us to TR 425-130, if we know our numbers. It seems that news recently reached Staten Island that several years ago on October 12th, a Mr. Columbus discovered America and that Staten Island was really and truly a part of this discovery. So nothing would do but that a special committee get together and turn out the Guard, the Regulars from Fort Wadsworth, the Coast Guard, Naval Militia, Boy Scouts, etc., and have a parade to celebrate.

The troop looked quite snappy in the white brow bands, shanks and saddle pads, and just had time to wash them for use again in the dedication ceremonies of the new Bayonne Bridge on November 14th. Quite a flock of dignitaries from New Jersey were on hand but the only one we recognized from our side of the fence was the Borough President, and he left before the parade. Maybe he didn't have any lunch, either. But it was a darn' good practice, anyway.

The Troop's annual Halloween dance was a great success on October 31st. The decorations were quite popular and made good souvenirs for the lucky ones who plucked them off the walls after the dance. Suitable Halloween noisemakers and serpentines were plentiful and created a lot of fun for the midnight novelty dance. Sergeants McGuinness and Adamo were in charge of arrangements.

For the first time in almost ten years a change has taken place in the troop commissioned personnel. Lieutenant Everett C. Cary having been called to Cincinnati on business, First Sergeant Carleton C. Keyes has been promoted and commissioned Lieutenant to fill the vacancy. Lt. Keyes has been with the troop since his eighteenth birthday and has served in all grades up to his present rank. He was in charge of arrangements for the annual Thanksgiving Day ride, held on Sunday, November 22nd, which has been an annual custom since the troop was organized in 1912. The occasion calls for a novelty ride of some kind, such as a paper chase or treasure hunt. This year it was a costume hunt, with the Troop Commander riding as Master of Hounds. As usual, the ride was concluded with a dinner.

165th INFANTRY
Company M

IF you hear the faint tinkle of sleigh bells on the frosty air, and glimpse a fleeting shadow dimly discernable against the evening sky, don't change your bootlegger—it is simply that ancient bandit, Kris Kringle, making another of his sporadic raids on the family bank account.

This lovable character, famed in nursery rhyme and story, is the recipient of a long letter from the Skipper of Company M, asking for the following presents at Christmas time: an Inspection Report in "satisfactory" condition, a 100% Attendance for the Boys, and enough surplus property to make up the shortages existing according to that super-bandit, Captain Joe Flannery.

We have tried throughout the year to be good kids, but like some of the fight decisions at Madison Square Garden, we are liable to be fooled ourselves.

The members of the Company are of the opinion that Sgt. Fiano is very broadminded—he's always thinking of girls . . . Pvt. Maroney says a racketeer is a guy that stands for what the suckers fall for . . . Corp. LaBrise was arrested three times for carrying concealed money . . . Sgt. Pete Evelick says it is a long lane that has no ash-can. . .

156th FIELD ARTILLERY
Service Battery

THE tenth annual dinner of the Service Battery, 156th Field Artillery was held in due and proper form at Hotel Forbush, Peekskill, N. Y., on Tuesday evening, November 10th, and was the most successful from every viewpoint that this Organization has ever held. Nearly one hundred men, Battery members and invited guests, attended the function.

The Battery assembled at the Armory, and headed by the Regimental Band, marched to the Hotel where the guests were met, after which ample justice was done to an excellent turkey dinner. After the inner man had been appeased, a program of entertainment and speaking was enjoyed. Wit, humor and sleight of hand were presented and brought their share of applause. Among the speakers who gave short talks were the following, all of whom praised the Battery for its record and esprit de corps: Colonel Raphael A. Egan, former Commanding Officer of the 156th Field Artillery; Colonel J. Townsend Cassedy, present Commanding Officer of the Regiment; Honorable Cornelius A. Pugsley, member of the Westchester County Park Commission and Honorary Chairman of the Peekskill Armory Committee; Honorable Stuart H. Robinson, Mayor of Peekskill, and Clifford Couch, Chairman of the Peekskill Armory Committee. The main address of the

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Lv. Montreal - -	9:30 P.M.
Ar. New York - -	7:30 A.M.

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1100 Rooms 1100 Baths

The ANNUAL CONVENTION of the NEW YORK STATE NATIONAL GUARD will be held in Buffalo, at Hotel Statler, on

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Every comfort and convenience has been provided for your visit. Special arrangements will insure you having the BEST time. Prepare to attend. Make your reservations now, by writing

E. C. GREEN, Manager,
Hotel Statler.

evening was given by Honorable Alexander Rorke, a former District Attorney, of New York City, who gave an excellent address on "Americanism" that held the closest attention of his hearers for the better part of an hour. Captain C. H. Forbush, Commanding Officer of the Service Battery, acted as toastmaster in an exceptionally able manner.

The Service Battery, 156th Field Artillery, which ten years ago next spring had the honor of having Lieutenant Colonel Waterbury, Editor of the GUARDSMAN, as Recruiting Officer while the Battery was in its formative stages, is now looking forward to its new armory, which it is hoped will be started in the near future. The site has been purchased, an appropriation of $300,000 has been made for the erection of the building, and it is expected that after re-advertising for bids, caused by the original bids exceeding the appropriation, same will be opened on December 8th. Here's hoping for better luck this time.

Photo by Penrose, Peekskill

Where the future home of the 156th F. A. Service Battery will stand

10TH INFANTRY

THE 10th Infantry indoor baseball season has started. The Service Company, last two years' champions, look very strong and may grab another championship. They have their same old line-up which consists of: 1st Lt. Chas. E. Walsh, 1st base; 1st Lt. Arthur Maloy, 3rd base; Sgt. Chas. (Midge) Walsh, pitch; Sgt. Luke Charles, center field; Sgt. Anthony Schwartz, left field; Sgt. Robert Warner, right field; Pvt. George Ryan, catch; Pvt. Alfred Blanchard, shortstop; Pvt. Clyde King, 2nd base; Pvt. Thomas Ryder, utility; Cpl. Robert LoMott, utility; Pvt. Albert Dames, utility.

105TH FIELD ARTILLERY

THE awarding of nine 100 per cent duty medals and bars to members of the Headquarters Battery and Combat Train, under the command of Captain James Andrews, featured the first review of the season for the 1st Battalion given on November 20th to Colonel Clarence H. Higginson, regimental commander, at the artillery men's armory.

Recipients of the 100 per cent duty medals and bars were: Lieut. Crum, 1st Sgt. Engelman, Sgt. Campbell, Sgt. Miller, Corp. McGuire, Pvt. Richards, Pvt. Richichi, Pvt. Guzikas and Pvt. Landi.

The presentation was made by Colonel Higginson immediately before he and Major James H. McSweeney, commander of the 1st Battalion, reviewed the officers and men of the outfit as they marched by to the music of the Regimental Band.

Headquarters Battery and Combat Train escorted the Standard. Sgts. Miller and Rinn were the Color Guard, Sgt. Campbell the Standard Bearer.

At the first meeting held since the return from Pine Camp of the Headquarters Battery Civic Association, which is composed of the officers and men of the Headquarters Battery and Combat Train, the following officers were elected for the coming year: President, Corp. Grimm; Vice-President, 1st Sgt. Engelman; Secretary, Pvt. Schemel; Treasurer, Capt. Andrews; Financial Secretary, Lt. Crum, and chairmen of the following committees were appointed: Entertainment, Sgt. Campbell; Publicity, Pvt. Workman.

The members of the Battery were sorry to lose Lieut. Caswell, who was promoted and transferred to B Battery. We lose and they gain an excellent hard-working officer. We have nothing but best wishes for his future success in B Battery.

The Battery's first dance of the season was held at the

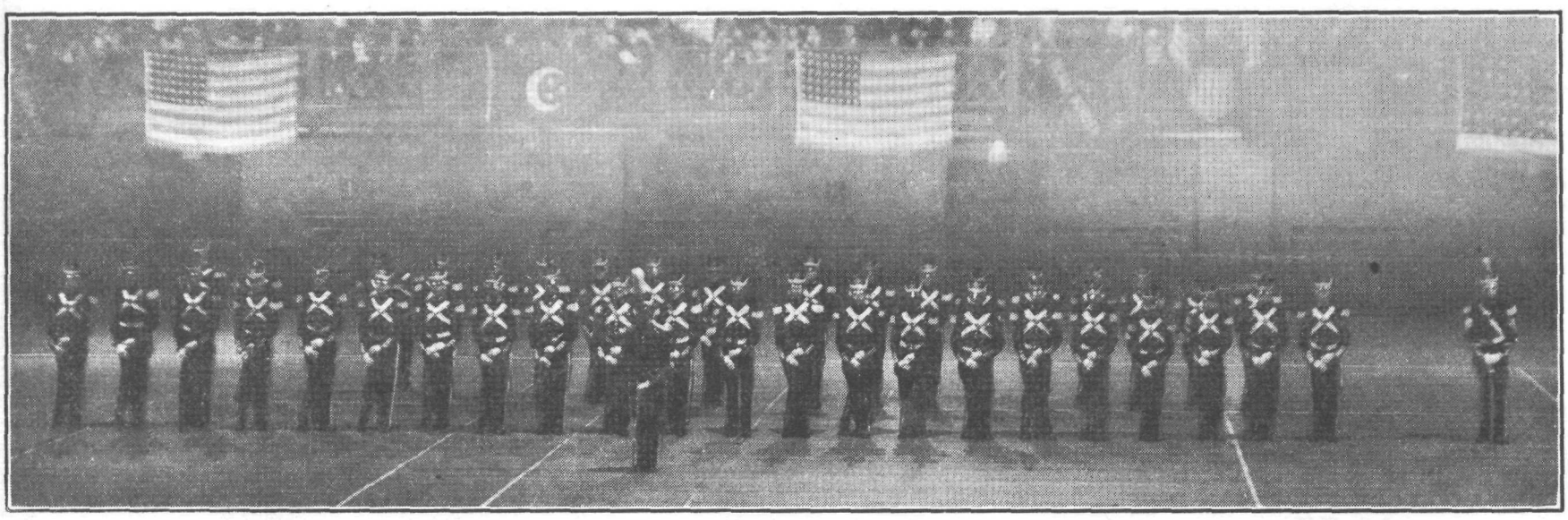

Photo by E. L. Jenkins & Co.

"SOUND OFF!"—Guard Mounting by Company A, 71st Infantry, at the Armory, November 28th, when the regiment was reviewed by His Excellency, Sesostris Sidarouss Pasha, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of His Majesty, The King of Egypt.

Armory on December 5th. The festivities of the evening were preceded by a mounted basketball game between Headquarters Battery and D Battery of the 104th F. A., which was won by Headquarters Battery team. The other events included a mounted melée and a combination umbrella-and-wheelbarrow race. The latter event was the funniest thing seen in the Armory since it was erected. After the mounted events, dancing was held in the squad room. More than 500 were present, and a thoroughly pleasant evening was enjoyed by all.

108TH INFANTRY

COMPANY G

HELLO, everybody! Here we are again after being A.W.O.L. and are now waiting for the annual inspection to roll around. In the meantime, Capt. Kelly has just acted Santa Claus by promoting the following privates to corporals: Babcock, McCully, F. De Foy and Eberhardt, and Corp. Cardaro to be Sergeant.

The small bore Rifle Team, under Lieut. Payment, is getting organized and will soon start shooting.

The basketball team, under Lieut. Weber, has been through its practice sessions and lost a tough game to Company E—11 to 8. Better luck next time!

The newly-organized non-commissioned officers' club has started off on the right foot. Sgt. Cardaro gave a spaghetti dinner. Then a conference at Supply Sgt. Houser's home which lasted into the wee hours of the morning. On December 10th, after non-coms' school, the club members were the guests of the officers at the Turn Verein. We deployed in battle formation with Capt. Kelly, Lieut. Weber and Lieut. Payment leading the line and Major Smith as observer.

Wishing you all a very Happy New Year!

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DO YOU KNOW?

By COL. H. A. ALLEN, INF., (DOL)

THAT the provisioning of troops in the field has received the most careful consideration of commanders from time immemorial. In ancient times, armies usually "lived off the country" and it was always a case of a feast or a famine with the soldier.

Centuries passed before anything resembling a system was developed. Often, the soldiers were required to provision themselves. Under the above caption (December, 1929) was published an item stating that the Spartan soldier was allotted a piece of ground and he was required to provide therefrom his share of the company mess.

The provisioning was often crude. Cyrus (sixth century, B. C.) issued this order before his Lydian campaign: "And when we come to those parts of the country that are untouched, we shall find corn; we ought to be provided with handmills, that we may use them in making bread." Frederic the Great had each company provided with a handmill. During his reign, each soldier received two pounds of bread daily and two pounds of meat weekly. All other items of his ration he purchased out of his pay.

Roman soldiers were trained to withstand hunger and thirst—and a Chinese adage runs thus: "Do not feed your soldiers well; keep them hungry and keep them miserable. Then when the time of battle comes, they will be glad to end their wretched existence."

Many, many times in the history of our own country, it is recorded how our soldiers have lived on potatoes, parched corn, or mule steak, without any trimmings. Think of the above before you register your next kick on the "chow."

The American is the best fed soldier in the world—quantity, quality and proper balance are unsurpassed.

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NOW, YOU TELL ONE

AN American, while visiting Scotland, struck up an acquaintance with a Scot who bragged about everything that they saw.

As they were walking in the highland, the Scot yelled at the top of his voice, and it was about four minutes before the echo returned to them.

"Ye canna show anything like that in your country," said the Scot.

"Well," replied the American, "I can go that a bit better. Up in my camp in the Rocky Mountain, every night before I go to bed, I lean out of my upstairs window and yell out, 'Wake up, there! It's time to go to work!' and in the morning, eight hours later, the echo comes back and wakes me up."

THE TIE THAT BLINDS

Oh, some may long for the soothing touch
Of lavender, cream, or mauve.
But the ties I wear must possess the glare
Of a red hot kitchen stove.
The books I read and the life I lead
Are sensible, sane and mild,
I like calm hats, and I don't wear spats,
But I want my neckties WILD.

O give me a wild tie, Brother—
One with a cosmic urge:
A tie that will tear, and rip, and swear,
When it sees my old blue serge.

Oh, some will say that a gent's cravat
Should only be seen, not heard,
But I want a tie that will make men cry
And render their vision blurred.
I yearn, I long, for a tie so strong
It will take two men to tie it.
If such there be, just show it to me
Whatever it's price, I'll buy it.

O give me a wild tie, Brother—
One with a lot of sins.
A tie that will blaze in a hectic haze,
Down where the vest begins.

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Saved for a Rainy Day

There's the story about the woman who sent out invitations to a party, and asked each of the guests to bring along something practically useless, yet too good to throw away.

One complied by bringing an oil lamp; the other nineteen brought their husbands.

Now, Now!

In some parts of the country, the finding of a four-leafed clover is said to denote a forthcoming marriage. In others, it is said to bring good luck.

Not up to Scratch

Mandy (returning package for credit): "Ah wants mah money back fo' these heah stockin's."

Credit Clerk: "What's wrong with them? Didn't they come up to your expectations?"

Mandy: "Lawdy, Chile, they didn't even come up to mah knees."

Sons of Gunners

Rookie in Artillery Camp: "The sergeant sent me over for ten pounds of gun-cotton."

Sergeant: "Sorry, son; but they are firing the big guns and we issued it all this morning for the men's ears."

Sore—but Satisfied

George: "There goes the sorest man in the cavalry."

Jack: "How's that?"

George: "He's just enlisted; used to be a floor walker in a dry-goods store, and they're breakin' him in to a horse."

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SUMMER MEETING OF THE PIONEER INFANTRY OFFICERS' ASSOCIATION

THE organization meeting and first annual reunion of the Pioneer Infantry Officers' Association will be held at Jamestown, N. Y., on Chatauqua Lake, next summer, the date to be decided later. It is planned to form a permanent organization at this time, open to all men who served during the World War as officers of Pioneer Infantry regiments.

Officers interested are requested to communicate with Captain E. B. Briggs, Jamestown, acting adjutant.

VALUE OF NATIONAL GUARD PUBLICITY

WITH the realization of what a National Guard field training camp means to the community, there has been an awakening of interest on the part of the people. The newspapers have devoted much of their space, both news and editorial, to the camps this year and as a result there has been much favorable publicity for the National Guard.

This will have its effect on recruiting during the armory drill season and enable unit commanders to enlist the interest of desirable young men with a view to service in the National Guard. That it is already having the desired effect is noted in the fact that reports indicate waiting lists in many organizations.

COMPLIMENTS

and

BEST WISHES FOR 1932

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HOW WE STAND

NOVEMBER AVERAGE ATTENDANCE FOR ENTIRE GUARD 84.98%

Maximum Strength New York National Guard	21,483
Minimum Strength New York National Guard	18,987
Present Strength New York National Guard	21,109

DIVISION HEADQUARTERS	
Maintenance Strength	61
Headquarters and Headquarters Detachment, 27th Division	71
CAVALRY BRIGADE HEADQUARTERS	
Maintenance Strength	69
51st Cavalry Brigade	80
FIELD ARTILLERY BRIGADE HDQRS.	
Maintenance Strength	32
52nd Field Artillery Brigade	50
INFANTRY BRIGADE HEADQUARTERS	
Maintenance Strength	28
53rd Brigade	40
54th Brigade	40
87th Brigade	44
93rd Brigade	40
SPECIAL TROOPS	
Maintenance Strength	318
Special Troops, 27th Division	348
AVIATION	
Maintenance Strength	118
27th Division Aviation	118
SIGNAL BATTALION	
Maintenance Strength	163
101st Signal Battalion	178
ENGINEERS	
Maintenance Strength	473
102nd Engineers (Combat)	494
DIVISION QUARTERMASTER TRAIN	
Maintenance Strength	247
27th Div. Quartermaster Train	265
STATE STAFF	
Authorized Strength	137
A.G.D. Section	6
J.A.G.D. Section	3
Ordnance Section	28
Medical Section	2
Quartermaster Section	31
COAST ARTILLERY HEADQUARTERS	
Maintenance Strength	11
Headquarters Coast Artillery	10

INFANTRY	
Maintenance Strength	1038
10th Infantry	1150
14th Infantry	1127
71st Infantry	1174
105th Infantry	1147
106th Infantry	1080
107th Infantry	1097
108th Infantry	1140
165th Infantry	1137
174th Infantry	1170
369th Infantry	1057
CAVALRY	
Maintenance Strength	587
101st Cavalry	704
121st Cavalry	653
ARTILLERY, 155 HOW.	
Maintenance Strength	647
106th Field Artillery	729
ARTILLERY, C. A. C.	
Maintenance Strength	646
244th Coast Artillery	740
ARTILLERY FIXED DEFENSES	
Maintenance Strength	739
245th Coast Artillery	900
ARTILLERY 75's	
Maintenance Strength	602
156th Field Artillery	638
105th Field Artillery	667
104th Field Artillery	664
MEDICAL REGIMENT	
Maintenance Strength	632
102nd Medical Regiment	664
ARTILLERY, 155 GUNS	
Maintenance Strength	647
258th Field Artillery	743
ARTILLERY, A.A.	
Maintenance Strength	705
212th Coast Artillery	783
HEADQUARTERS 44th DIVISION	
New York Allotment	10
Headquarters 44th Division	8

INDEX TO ADVERTISERS

Associated Military Stores	25	Horton's Ice Cream	27
Ridabock & Co.	26	Francis H. Leggett & Co.	27
Austin, Nichols & Co.	26	Sears & Pruyn, Inc.	28
A. F. Stoeger, Inc.	26	J. B. Lyons & Co.	28
102nd Regt. Armory	26	Welsh & Munger	28
Delehanty Institute	26	Albany Hardware & Iron Co.	28
Westchester County National Bank	27	102nd Medical Regiment	32
H. J. Lucas Co., Inc.	27	National Guardsman Book Dept.	*Covers*

Average Percentage of Attendance, N.Y.N.G.

Average Attendance for Entire Guard 84.98%

SOMETHING NEW

Beside each Unit's name is a bold figure in brackets. This indicates its position in the list for the current month. Against that figure but in smaller type, is the figure showing its position in last month's list. Comparison can thus readily be made. Always try to make this month's figure less than its predecessor.

121st Cavalry 93.53% (2)3

UNIT	No. of Rep. Rec'd	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
Headquarters	4	7	7	100
Hqrs. Troop	4	76	73	96
Band	5	33	30	91
Machine Gun Troop	5	73	66	90
Hqrs. 1st Squadron	5	2	2	100
Troop A	5	64	56	88
Troop B	6	74	72	97
Hqrs. 2nd Squadron	4	2	2	100
Troop E	6	67	63	94
Troop F	7	74	71	96
Hqrs. 3rd Squadron	4	1	1	100
Troop I	5	75	70	93
Troop K	5	77	71	92
Medical Detach.	5	25	24	96
		650	608	93.53

71st Infantry 92.96% (3)2

UNIT	No. of Rep. Rec'd	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
Regtl. Hdqrs.	4	7	7	100
Regtl. Hdqrs. Co.	4	67	58	87
Service Co.	4	103	97	94
Howitzer Co.	4	65	59	91
Hdqrs. & Hdqrs. Co. 1 Bn.	4	32	29	91
Company A	4	68	62	91
Company B	4	67	59	88
Company C	4	70	64	91
Company D	4	62	52	84
Hdqrs. & Hdqrs. Co. 2 Bn.	4	37	35	95
Company E	4	73	73	100
Company F	4	66	59	90
Company G	4	62	57	95
Company H	4	61	58	95
Hdqrs. & Hdqrs. Co. 3 Bn.	4	33	32	97
Company I	4	68	67	98
Company K	4	69	69	100
Company L	4	69	64	93
Company M	4	66	64	97
Medical Dept. Detach.	4	34	31	91
		1179	1096	92.96

101st Cavalry 88.11% (4)8

UNIT	No. of Rep. Rec'd	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
Headquarters	5	7	7	100
Hdqrs. Troop	6	70	59	84
Band	4	23	19	83
Machine Gun Troop	5	65	53	82
Hdqrs. 1st Squadron	5	2	2	100
Troop A	4	72	64	89
Troop B	5	68	57	84
Hdqrs. 2nd Squadron	4	2	2	100
Troop E	6	99	89	90
Troop F	4	99	95	96
Hdqrs. 3rd Squadron	4	2	2	100
Troop I	4	70	57	82
Troop K	4	100	91	91
Medical Detachment	6	20	19	80
Medical Dept. Detach.	4	8	7	88
		707	623	88.11

244th Coast Artil. 87.83% (5)14

UNIT	No. of Rep. Rec'd	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
Headquarters	4	6	6	100
Hdqrs. Battery	5	64	57	89
Service Battery	4	86	80	92
1st Bn. Hdqrs.	4	4	4	100
1st Bn. Hq. Btry. & C. T.	4	48	45	95
Battery A	4	67	58	87
Battery B	4	63	58	91
2nd Bn. Hdqrs.	4	1	1	100
2nd Bn. Hq. Btry. & C. T.	4	58	42	72
Battery C	4	65	58	89
Battery D	4	63	55	87
3rd Bn. Hdqrs.	4	4	4	100
3rd Bn. Hq. Btry. & C. T.	4	40	36	90
Battery E	4	71	62	87
Battery F	4	66	56	85
Medical Dept. Detach.	5	34	28	82
		740	650	87.83

The Honor Space

27th Div. Aviation 97.50% (1)1

UNIT	No. of Rep. Rec'd	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
102nd Observation Squad.	4	93	91	98
102nd Photo Section	4	21	20	95
Med. Dept. Detachment	4	6	6	100
		120	117	97.50

369th Infantry 87.53% (6)4

UNIT	No. of Rep. Rec'd	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
Regtl. Hdqrs.	4	7	7	100
Regtl. Hdqrs. Co.	4	63	61	97
Service Co.	4	65	55	85
Howitzer Co.	4	64	50	78
Hdqrs. & Hdqrs. Co. 1 Bn.	5	22	19	87
Company A	5	63	57	90
Company B	5	60	54	90
Company C	5	64	57	88
Company D	5	64	61	90
Hdqrs. & Hdqrs. Co. 2 Bn.	4	21	19	91
Company E	4	65	58	89
Company F	4	64	59	92
Company G	4	65	58	89
Company H	4	62	48	77
Hdqrs. & Hdqrs. Co. 3 Bn.	4	22	17	77
Company I	4	66	57	86
Company K	4	61	52	85
Company L	4	64	57	89
Company M	4	63	54	86
Medical Dept. Detach.	4	34	27	79
		1059	927	87.53

102nd Med. Reg. 87.23% (7)7

UNIT	No. of Rep. Rec'd	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
Headquarters	4	15	14	93
Service Company	4	66	57	86
Hdqrs. Collecting Bn.	4	4	4	100
104th Collecting Co.	6	57	51	89
105th Collecting Co.	4	63	55	87
106th Collecting Co.	5	59	51	87
Hdqrs. Ambulance Bn.	5	4	4	100
104th Ambulance Co.	4	47	42	89
105th Ambulance Co.	5	51	46	90
106th Ambulance Co.	4	52	43	83
Hdqrs. Hospital Bn.	6	5	5	100
104th Hospital Co.	5	62	54	87
105th Hospital Co.	3	67	59	88
106th Hospital Co.	4	66	56	85
102nd Veterinary Co.	5	40	33	83
		658	574	87.23

212th Coast Artil. 87.09% (8)15

UNIT	No. of Rep. Rec'd	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
Headquarters	4	6	6	100
Hdqrs. Battery	4	66	58	88
Service Battery	4	69	66	96
1st Bn. Hdqrs.	4	3	3	100
1st Bn. Hdqrs. & Hq. Btry	4	47	38	81
Battery A	4	74	55	74
Battery B	4	62	49	79
Battery C	4	67	59	88
Battery D	4	67	59	88
2nd Bn. Hdqrs.	4	1	1	100
2nd Bn. Hqs. & Hq. Btry.	4	18	15	83
Battery E	4	67	56	84
Battery F	4	63	61	97
Battery G	4	64	58	91
Battery H	4	79	71	90
Medical Dept. Detach.	4	22	20	91
		775	675	87.09

258th Field Artil. 86.90% (9)5

UNIT	No. of Rep. Rec'd	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
Headquarters	3	6	6	100
Hdqrs. Battery	3	65	54	83
Service Battery	3	73	69	94
1st Bn. Hdqrs.	3	4	4	100
1st Bn. Combat Train	3	47	38	81
Battery A	3	68	57	84
Battery B	3	70	59	84
2nd Bn. Hdqrs.	3	3	3	100
2nd Bn. Combat Train	3	49	39	80
Battery C	3	68	59	87
Battery D	5	42	38	90
3rd Bn. Hdqrs.	3	4	4	100
3rd Bn. Combat Train	3	53	44	83
Battery E	3	65	56	86
Battery F	3	67	62	93
Medical Dept. Detach.	3	34	32	94
		718	624	86.90

174th Infantry 85.27% (10)12

UNIT	No. of Rep. Rec'd	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
Regtl. Hdqrs.	5	6	6	100
Regtl. Hdqrs. Co.	5	64	57	89
Service Co.	4	90	72	80
Howitzer Co.	4	61	53	87
Hdqrs. & Hdqrs. Co. 1 Bn.	5	33	31	94
Company A	5	65	54	83
Company B	4	63	57	91
Company C	4	62	45	73
Company D	4	71	56	79
Hdqrs. & Hdqrs. Co. 2 Bn.	5	32	32	100
Company E	5	78	74	95
Company F	4	53	36	66
Company G	4	67	66	99
Company H	4	70	59	84
Hdqrs. & Hdqrs. Co. 3 Bn.	4	40	33	82
Company I	6	72	57	79
Company K	5	64	59	92
Company L	4	68	61	90
Company M	4	72	57	79
Medical Dept. Detach.	4	37	31	84
		1168	996	85.27

106th F. A. 85.26% (11)13

UNIT	No. of Rep. Rec'd	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
Headquarters	4	6	6	100
Headquarters Battery	4	64	55	86
Service Battery	4	75	65	87
Headquarters 1st Bn.	4	3	3	100
Hq. Btry. & C. T., 1st Bn.	4	30	25	83
Battery A	4	76	65	86
Battery B	4	76	66	87
Hdqrs. 2nd Bn.	4	2	2	100
Hq. Btry. & C.T., 2nd Bn.	4	33	26	79
Battery C	4	69	55	80
Battery D	4	76	63	83
Hdqrs. 3rd Bn.	4	4	4	100
Hq. Btry. & C.T., 3rd Bn.	4	30	26	87
Battery E	4	73	64	88
Battery F	4	75	67	89
Medical Dept. Detach.	4	34	27	80
		726	619	85.26

14th Infantry 85.21% (12)6

UNIT	No. of Rep. Rec'd	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
Regtl. Hdqrs.	5	7	7	100
Regtl. Hdqrs. Co.	4	61	46	70
Service Co.	5	96	86	90
Howitzer Co.	4	61	51	84
Hdqrs. & Hdqrs. Co. 1 Bn.	4	19	17	90

UNIT	No. of Rep. Rec'd	Aver. Pres. and Abs.	Aver. Att.	Aver. % Att.
Company A	4	67	59	88
Company B	4	65	53	82
Company C	4	64	53	83
Company D	4	61	44	67
Hdqrs. & Hdqrs. Co. 2 Bn.	4	25	25	100
Company E	4	65	57	88
Company F	4	63	51	81
Company G	4	66	48	73
Company H	4	60	54	90
Hdqrs. & Hdqrs. Co. 3 Bn.	4	23	22	96
Company I	4	65	57	88
Company K	4	69	53	77
Company L	4	66	61	92
Company M	4	78	76	98
Medical Dept. Detach.	5	35	31	89
		1116	951	85.21

245th Coast A. 84.67% (13) 17

Headquarters	4	8	8	100
Hdqrs. Battery	5	74	63	85
Hdqrs. 1st Bn.	4	2	2	100
Battery A	6	67	55	82
Battery B	5	61	57	93
Battery C	6	63	53	84
Battery D	5	69	56	81
Hdqrs. 2nd Bn.	4	3	3	100
Battery E	6	63	54	86
Battery F	6	75	62	83
Battery G	5	68	55	81
Battery H	5	57	50	88
Hdqrs. 3rd Bn.	4	3	3	100
Battery I	5	63	49	78
Battery K	5	59	51	86
Battery L	5	72	64	89
Battery M	5	59	48	81
Medical Dept. Detach.	5	28	24	86
		894	757	84.67

156th F. A. 84.25% (14) 18

Headquarters	4	5	5	100
Hdqrs. Battery	4	53	43	81
Service Battery	4	71	67	94
1st Bn. Hdqrs.	4	3	3	100
1st Bn. Hq. Btry. & C. T.	4	33	29	88
Battery A	5	65	54	83
Battery B	4	61	47	77
Battery C	4	68	57	84
2nd Bn. Hdqrs.	4	4	4	100
2nd Bn. Hq. Btry. & C. T.	5	36	32	89
Battery D	3	67	53	79
Battery E	5	69	61	88
Battery F	5	69	55	80
Medical Dept. Detach.	5	31	25	81
		635	535	84.25

108th Infantry 83.82% (15) 23

Regtl. Hdqrs.	5	7	7	100
Regtl. Hdqrs. Co.	4	65	49	76
Service Co. (Band Sec.)	4	28	20	72
Service Co. (Less Band)	6	50	44	90
Howitzer Co.	6	63	49	78
Hdqrs. & Hdqrs. Co. 1 Bn.	4	32	25	78
Company A	6	66	58	88
Company B	5	64	49	77
Company C	6	64	49	77
Company D	5	67	55	82
Hdqrs. & Hdqrs. Co. 2 Bn.	4	29	20	69
Company E	4	66	58	88
Company F	5	72	65	90
Company G	4	65	59	91
Company H	6	64	55	86
Hdqrs. & Hdqrs. Co. 3 Bn.	5	32	26	81
Company I	4	64	59	92
Company K	4	74	61	82
Company L	4	74	68	92
Company M	5	66	55	83
Medical Dept. Detach.	3	32	28	88
		1144	959	83.82

104th F. A. 83.63% (16) 11

Headquarters	6	6	6	100
Hdqrs. Battery	3	54	47	87
Service Battery	5	69	59	86
Hdqrs. 1st Bn.	2	8	7	87
Hq. Battery C.T., 1st Bn.	3	34	30	88
Battery A	5	74	68	92
Battery B	2	68	48	70
Battery C	5	66	54	82
Hdqrs. 2nd Bn.	5	3	3	100
Hq. Btry. & C.T., 2nd Bn.	4	38	34	89
Battery D	3	68	56	82
Battery E	4	71	50	70
Battery F	4	67	59	88
Medical Dept. Detach.	5	34	31	91
		660	552	83.63

106th Infantry 83.22% (17) 25

Regtl. Hdqrs.	5	5	5	100
Regtl. Hdqrs. Co.	4	64	54	84
Service Co.	4	82	67	82
Howitzer Co.	4	59	39	66
Hdqrs. & Hdqrs. Co. 1 Bn.	4	22	20	91
Company A	4	68	54	79
Company B	4	68	65	95
Company C	4	62	52	84
Company D	4	63	47	75
Hdqrs. & Hdqrs. Co. 2 Bn.	4	25	20	80
Company E	4	58	42	72
Company F	4	63	57	90
Company G	4	62	53	85
Company H	4	67	48	72
Hdqrs. & Hdqrs. Co. 3 Bn.	4	19	15	79
Company I	4	66	61	92
Company K	4	62	48	77
Company L	4	66	61	92
Company M	4	73	67	92
Medical Dept. Detach.	5	37	33	89
		1091	908	83.22

Spl. T., 27th Div. 83.14% (18) 9

Headquarters	5	12	10	83
27th Hdqrs. Co.	5	53	47	89
102nd Ordnance Co.	4	32	30	94
27th Tank Company	4	65	49	76
27th Signal Company	4	78	63	81
102nd Motorcycle Co.	5	36	31	86
27th Military Police Co.	4	52	44	85
Medical Dept. Detach.	5	22	17	77
		350	291	83.14

10th Infantry 83.09% (19) 10

Regtl. Hdqrs.	4	7	6	86
Regtl. Hqdrs. Co.	5	67	55	82
Service Co.	4	90	73	81
Howitzer Co.	5	64	50	78
Hdqrs. & Hdqrs. Co. 1 Bn.	4	23	20	87
Company A	4	65	59	91
Company B	5	67	49	73
Company C	4	63	44	70
Company D	5	74	63	85
Hdqrs. & Hdqrs. Co. 2 Bn.	4	30	24	80
Company E	4	70	55	79
Company F	5	69	58	84
Company G	6	72	69	96
Company H	6	74	54	73
Hdqrs. & Hdqrs. Co. 3 Bn.	4	34	30	88
Company I	6	70	65	93
Company K	4	67	49	73
Company L	5	63	57	91
Company M	6	74	65	88
Medical Dept. Detach.	3	34	33	97
		1177	978	83.09

102nd Eng. (C.) 82.68% (20) 22

Headquarters	4	8	8	100
Headquarters & Service Co.	5	81	75	93
Company A	4	61	43	70
Company B	4	62	59	95
Company C	4	62	38	61
Company D	4	70	59	84
Company E	4	63	61	97
Company F	4	62	47	76
Medical Dept. Detach.	4	22	16	73
		491	406	82.68

105th F. A. 82.33% (21) 16

Headquarters	5	6	6	100
Hdqrs. Battery	4	48	45	94
Service Battery	5	66	63	95
1st Bn. Hdqrs.	4	6	6	100
1st Bn. Hdqrs. Battery	5	38	30	79
Battery A	4	73	54	74
Battery B	5	73	53	73
Battery C	4	74	62	84
2nd Bn. Hdqrs.	5	4	4	100
2nd Bn. Hdqrs. Battery	3	43	34	79
Battery D	4	71	58	82
Battery E	3	66	52	79
Battery F	4	68	54	79
Medical Dept. Detach.	6	32	29	91
		668	550	82.33

101st Signal Bat. 82.22% (22) 20

Hdqrs. & Hdqrs. Co.	5	23	19	83
Company A	3	72	54	75
Company B	5	72	63	87
Medical Dept. Detach.	5	13	12	92
		180	148	82.22

27th Div. Qm. T. 81.29% (23) 19

Headquarters	4	14	13	93
Motor Transport Co. 105	4	49	37	76
Motor Transport Co. 106	4	53	45	85
Motor Transport Co. 107	4	52	41	79
Motor Transport Co. 108	4	51	41	80
Motor Repair Section 103	4	25	18	72
Medical Dept. Detach.	4	18	18	100
		262	213	81.29

105th Infantry 79.70% (24) 21

Regtl. Hdqrs.	4	7	7	100
Regtl. Hdqrs. Co.	5	65	51	79
Service Co.	5	107	82	77
Howitzer Co.	5	57	45	79
Hdqrs. & Hdqrs. Co. 1 Bn.	6	30	27	90
Company A	4	64	44	69
Company B	5	69	57	83
Company C	4	60	46	77
Company D	4	69	45	65
Hdqrs. & Hdqrs. Co. 2 Bn.	4	26	23	88
Company E	5	66	55	83
Company F	6	69	59	85
Company G	7	68	67	99
Company H	4	62	52	84
Hdqrs. & Hdqrs. Co. 3 Bn.	4	25	21	84
Company I	5	64	55	86
Company K	6	67	52	78
Company L	7	64	40	63
Company M	5	72	58	80
Medical Dept. Detach.	4	37	29	78
		1148	915	79.70

165th Infantry 73.85% (25) 26

Regtl. Hdqrs.	5	7	7	100
Regtl. Hdqrs. Co.	4	64	49	77
Service Co.	4	86	63	73
Howitzer Co.	4	66	41	62
Hdqrs. & Hdqrs. Co. 1 Bn.	4	27	24	89
Company A	4	67	42	63
Company B	4	72	60	83
Company C	4	65	45	69
Company D	4	77	55	71
Hdqrs. & Hdqrs. Co. 2 Bn.	4	22	18	82
Company E	4	68	57	84
Company F	4	69	53	77
Company G	5	64	44	69
Company H	5	67	55	82
Hdqrs. & Hdqrs. Co. 3 Bn.	4	27	20	74
Company I	4	64	43	67
Company K	4	62	36	58
Company L	4	64	43	67
Company M	4	66	55	83
Medical Dept. Detach.	5	36	32	89
		1140	842	73.85

107TH INFANTRY

The Howitzer Company of the 107th Infantry was the only company in the whole of the N.Y.N.G. which failed to send in its Form 100. For this reason, it is impossible to publish the average percentage of attendance, and the Regiment therefore takes bottom place in the list.

State Staff		**100%**		**(1)**
A. G. D. Section	4	5	5	100
J. A. G. D. Section	4	4	4	100
Ordnance Section	4	28	28	100
Medical Section	4	3	3	100
Q. M. Section	4	29	29	100
		69	69	100
Hqs. Coast Artillery		**100%**		**(2)**
Headquarters	4	4	4	100
Hqrs. Detach.	4	6	6	100
		10	10	100
Hqs. 27th Div.		**91.54%**		**(3)**
Headquarters	4	26	26	100
Hqrs. Detach.	3	45	39	87
		71	65	91.54
93rd Inf. Brigade		**92.30%**		**(4)**
Headquarters	5	4	4	100
Hqrs. Company	5	35	32	91
		39	36	92.30
87th Inf. Brigade		**91.30%**		**(5)**
Headquarters	4	6	4	67
Hqrs. Company	3	40	38	95
		46	42	91.30
51st Cavalry Brig.		**83.54%**		**(6)**
Headquarters	4	7	6	86
Hqrs. Troop	5	72	60	83
		79	66	83.54
53rd Inf. Brigade		**85%**		**(7)**
Headquarters	5	4	3	75
Hqrs. Company	4	36	31	86
		40	34	85
52nd F. A. Brigade		**84%**		**(8)**
Headquarters	4	8	6	75
Hqrs. Battery	4	42	36	86
		50	42	84
54th Inf. Brigade		**85.36%**		**(9)**
Headquarters	5	5	5	100
Hqrs. Company	5	36	30	83
		41	35	85.36

Common Knowledge

Doctor: "Influenza in itself is not dangerous, but it can have very serious consequences."

Patient: "So I noticed from your bill."

To the Terrestrial Globe

(By a miserable wretch)

By W. S. GILBERT

ROLL on, thou ball, roll on!
Through pathless realms of Space
Roll on!
What though I'm in a sorry case?
What though I cannot meet my bills?
What though I suffer toothache's ills?
What though I swallow countless pills?
Never *you* mind—
Roll on!

Roll on, thou ball, roll on!
Through seas of inky air
Roll on!
It's true I've got no shirts to wear;
It's true my butcher's bill is due;
It's true my prospects all look blue—
But don't let that unsettle you!
Never *you* mind!
Roll on! *(It rolls on.)*

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of the

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N. Y. N. G.

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in the

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To provide for these things, an attractive bulletin board should be included in the equipment of every National Guard armory. It will pay large dividends in satisfaction and efficiency.

Material which may be posted on a well regulated bulletin board should include:

1. All important orders affecting the personnel of the command. Among these may be mentioned the assignment of men to squads; promotions and demotions; details for special duty and school details.

2. Instructions pertaining to training. These will include a copy of the training schedule under which the command is operating; copy of the training schedule for the field training camp; and a list of service calls.

3. Current military information which may have a bearing on operations of the organization. This will include orders, bulletins, memorandums, etc., received from state and other National Guard Headquarters.

4. Clippings from newspapers and other publications; photographs, announcements of entertainments, and even cartoons or humorous items which may not be out of place.

Care should be taken to keep the bulletin board attractive and up-to-date. If obsolete material is allowed to remain on the board and nothing new appears on it for weeks at a time, the men will soon get into the habit of avoiding it.

The men themselves should be encouraged to submit material for the bulletin board. Organization and unit commanders will find it an effective vehicle for getting short talks and editorial comment over to the men of their commands.

—*The Infantry Journal*

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